edvc 3/5, 3/10, 3/15

3 Phase Electronic Voltage Controller
Installation and Wiring Instructions

Stock Ref. N°
444166
444167
444168

Software version: D1198A Part.-No. 00162617 from version 1.14
L-BAL-E122-GB 1047 Index 001 Part.-No. 00153239-30
Installation and Wiring Instructions – model series edvc 3/5, 3/10, 3/15

Content

1 General notes ............................................................. 4
  1.1 Structure of the operating instructions ..................................... 4
  1.2 Target group .......................................................... 4
  1.3 Exclusion of liability ................................................... 4
  1.4 Copyright ........................................................... 4

2 Safety information ......................................................... 4
  2.1 Intended use ........................................................ 4
  2.2 Explanations of symbols ................................................ 5
  2.3 Product safety ....................................................... 5
  2.4 Requirements placed on the personnel / due diligence ...................... 5
  2.5 Start-up and during operation ............................................ 5
  2.6 Work on the device ................................................... 6
  2.7 Modifications / interventions in the device.................................. 6
  2.8 Operator's obligation of diligence......................................... 6
  2.9 Employment of external personnel ........................................ 6

3 Product overview .......................................................... 7
  3.1 Operational area ...................................................... 7
  3.2 Maintenance ......................................................... 7
  3.3 Transport ........................................................... 7
  3.4 Storage ............................................................. 7
  3.5 Waste disposal / recycling .............................................. 7

4 Mounting ................................................................. 7
  4.1 General notes ........................................................ 7
  4.2 Minimum space requirement ............................................ 8
  4.3 Outdoor installation .................................................... 8
  4.4 Installation location for agriculture ........................................ 8
  4.5 Temperature influences during commissioning............................... 8

5 Electrical installation ....................................................... 9
  5.1 Safety precautions .................................................... 9
  5.2 EMC-compatible installation ............................................. 9
    5.2.1 Motor feeder cable .............................................. 9
    5.2.2 Signal cable ................................................... 9
  5.3 Mains connection ..................................................... 9
    5.3.1 Line voltage ................................................... 9
    5.3.2 Required quality attributes for the mains voltage .................. 10
    5.3.3 Operation in IT-Net ............................................. 10
  5.4 Residual-current-operated protective device .................................. 10
  5.5 Motor connection ..................................................... 10
    5.5.1 Running noise ................................................. 10
  5.6 Motor protection ...................................................... 11
  5.7 Signal connection or sensor connection to analog inputs (Analog In 1, Analog In 2) 11
  5.8 Output voltage 0 - 10 V (Analog Out) ...................................... 11
  5.9 Voltage supply for external devices (+24 V, GND) ......................... 11
  5.10 Add-on module type Z-Modul-B Part-No. 380052............................. 12
  5.11 Digital inputs (D1, D2)................................................. 12
  5.12 Relay outputs (K1, K2) ................................................. 12
  5.13 Communication ....................................................... 12
    5.13.1 Networking via MODBUS-RTU ...................................... 12
    5.13.2 RS-485 - network design and interface parameter .................. 12
    5.13.3 LON® Bus system is possible via add-on module .................. 13
5.14 Potential at control voltage connections ........................................ 13

6 Controls and Menu ................................................................. 14
6.1 Multipurpose LC display and keyboard .................................... 14
6.2 Menu operation ..................................................................... 14
6.3 Menu structure ..................................................................... 15
6.4 Example for programming mode 2.01 in “Base setup” .................... 15

7 Base setup .................................................................................. 16
7.1 Jumper for the input signal ..................................................... 16
7.1.1 External Setpoint / External speed setting in manual operation .... 16
7.2 Select operation mode ............................................................ 17

8 Start-up ...................................................................................... 18
8.1 Prerequisites for commissioning .............................................. 18
8.2 Procedure for commissioning ................................................ 18
8.3 Menu overview Mode 1.01 (without add-on modules ) ................. 18

9 Programming .............................................................................. 19
9.1 Speed controller 1.01 ............................................................... 19
9.1.1 Base setup 1.01 ............................................................... 19
9.1.2 Setting for operation 1.01 .................................................. 19
9.1.3 Menu Speed controller 1.01 ............................................. 20
9.2 Temperature control 2.01 ....................................................... 21
9.2.1 Basic setting 2.01 ............................................................. 21
9.2.2 Settings for operation modes 2.01 . . . 2.05 ......................... 22
9.2.3 Functional diagrams temperature control .............................. 23
9.2.4 Additional for mode 2.03: Signal output 0 - 10 V ................. 24
9.2.5 For mode 2.03: Relay output for Heating or Cooling .......... 25
9.2.6 For mode 2.03: Relay output for temperature monitoring .... 26
9.2.7 Menu for Temperature controller 2.01 . . . 2.05 .................. 26
9.3 Pressure control for condensers refrigeration 3.01 . . . 3.04 ....... 28
9.3.1 Base setup 3.01 . . . 3.04 ................................................. 28
9.3.2 Setting for operation modes 3.01 . . . 3.04 ......................... 29
9.3.3 Functional diagrams pressure control condensers ................. 30
9.3.4 Menu pressure controller refrigeration 3.01 . . . 3.04 ............ 31
9.4 Pressure control airconditioning 4.01 . . . 4.03 ......................... 32
9.4.1 Base setup 4.01 . . . 4.03 .................................................. 32
9.4.2 Setting for operation modes 4.01 . . . 4.03 ......................... 33
9.4.3 Menu for pressure control airconditioning 4.01 . . . 4.03 ....... 35
9.5 Volume control 5.01 and 5.02 .................................................. 36
9.5.1 Basic setting 5.01 and 5.02 .............................................. 36
9.5.2 Setting for operation modes 5.01 . . . 5.02 ......................... 37
9.5.3 Menu for air volume control 5.01 and 5.02 ....................... 39
9.6 Air velocity control 6.01 .......................................................... 40
9.6.1 Base setup 6.01 ............................................................. 40
9.6.2 Settings for operation modes 6.01 ..................................... 40
9.6.3 Menu for air velocity control 6.01 ................................... 41
9.7 Menu group Start ................................................................. 42
9.8 Menu group Info ................................................................. 43
9.9 Controller Setup ..................................................................... 44
9.9.1 Menu overview Controller Setup ...................................... 44
9.9.2 PIN protection activate, PIN 0010 .................................. 44
9.9.3 PIN protection activate, PIN 1234 ................................. 44
9.9.4 Save user settings restore with PIN 9090 ........................... 45
9.9.5 Sensor Alarm ON / OFF .................................................. 45
9.9.6 Limit .............................................................................. 45
9.9.7 Minimum speed cut off .................................................... 46
9.9.8 Second Group ................................................. 46
9.9.9 Reverse action of the control function ......................... 47
9.9.10 Controller configuration ................................... 47
9.9.11 Data on the total control deviation .......................... 48

9.10 IO Setup ................................................................ 48
9.10.1 Menu overview “IO Setup” ........................................... 48
9.10.2 Analog-Output “A” ............................................... 49
9.10.3 Digital inputs “D1” / “D2” ......................................... 50
  9.10.3.1 Menu overview ............................................... 50
  9.10.3.2 Enable ON/OFF function .................................. 51
  9.10.3.3 External fault Function .................................. 51
  9.10.3.4 Limit ON / OFF, Function ................................. 52
  9.10.3.5 Switch over Input signal “E1” / “E2”, Function .......... 52
  9.10.3.6 Set 1/2 or Setpoint 1/2, Function ....................... 52
  9.10.3.7 Intern / Extern Function .................................. 53
  9.10.3.8 Automatic control / speed manual, Function .......... 54
  9.10.3.9 Reverse action of control function ( mode 2.01 ), Function .... 54
  9.10.3.10 Reset, Function ........................................... 54
  9.10.3.11 Setting Max. Speed ON / OFF function ............... 55
  9.10.3.12 Motorheating ON / OFF, Function .................... 55
  9.10.3.13 “Freeze function” = maintain momentary modulation value, Function ........ 56
  9.10.4 Inverting analog inputs “E1” / “E2” ............................ 56
  9.10.5 Function and inverting for relay outputs “K1” and “K2” .... 57
  9.10.6 Programming Add-on module type Z-Modul-B ............... 58
  9.10.7 Network by MODBUS® ........................................... 59

9.11 Limits .................................................................. 59
9.11.1 Menu overview “Limits” ........................................... 59
9.11.2 Limit indication depending on modulation ................... 60
9.11.3 Limit indication depending on setting or sensor signal ...... 61
9.11.4 Limit indication depending on (offset) to Setpoint ........... 62

9.12 Motor Setup ......................................................... 63
9.12.1 Menu “Motor setup” .............................................. 63
9.12.2 Adjusting of CosPhi for motor ................................ 63
9.12.3 Setting for Rampup time and Rampdown time ............... 63
9.12.4 Suppression of speeds .......................................... 64
9.12.5 Motorheating .................................................. 65

10 Diagnostics menu ....................................................... 65

11 Events / Fault signals ...................................................... 67
11.1 Display and query of events and malfunctions .................... 67
11.2 Messages and trouble shooting ..................................... 67

12 Enclosure .................................................................. 69
12.1 Technical data ..................................................... 69
  12.1.1 Performance reduction during elevated ambient temperatures ........ 70
12.2 Connection diagram ................................................. 71
12.3 Dimensions [mm] .................................................. 71
1 General notes

1.1 Structure of the operating instructions
Before installation and start-up, read this manual carefully to ensure correct use!
We emphasize that these operating instructions apply to specific units only, and are in no way valid for the complete system!
Use these operating instructions to work safely with and on the device. They contain safety instructions that must be complied with as well as information that is required for failure-free operation of the device.
Keep these operating instructions together with the device. It must be ensured that all persons that are to work on the device can refer to the operating instructions at any time.
Keep the operating instructions for continued use. They must be passed-on to all successive owners, users and final customers.

1.2 Target group
The operating instructions address persons entrusted with planning, installation, commissioning and maintenance and servicing and who have the corresponding qualifications and skills for their job.

1.3 Exclusion of liability
Concurrence between the contents of these operating instructions and the described hardware and software in the device has been examined. It is still possible that non-compliances exist; no guarantee is assumed for complete conformity. To allow for future developments, construction methods and technical data given are subject to alteration. We do not accept any liability for possible errors or omissions in the information contained in data, illustrations or drawings provided.
We accept no liability for damage caused by misuse, incorrect use, improper use or as a consequence of unauthorized repairs or modifications.

1.4 Copyright
These operating instructions contain copyright protected information. The operating instructions may be neither completely nor partially photocopied, reproduced, translated or put on data medium without previous explicit consent. Infringements are liable for damages. All rights reserved, including those that arise through patent issue or registration on a utility model.

2 Safety information
This chapter contains instructions to prevent personal injury and property damage. These instructions do not lay claim to completeness. In case of questions and problems, please consult our company technicians.

2.1 Intended use
The equipment is to be used solely for the purposes specified and confirmed in the order. Other uses which do not coincide with, or which exceed those specified will be deemed unauthorised unless contractually agreed. Damages resulting from such unauthorised uses will not be the liability of the manufacturer. The user will assume sole liability.
Reading these operating instructions and complying with all contained instructions – especially the safety notifications contained therein – are considered part of intended use. To consider is also the manual of attached components. Not the manufacturer, rather the operator of the device is liable for any personal harm or material damage arising from non-intended use!
2.2 **Explanations of symbols**

Safety instructions are highlighted with warning triangles and are depicted according to the degree of hazard as follows.

- **Attention!**
  - Hazardous area. Death or severe injury or significant property damage can occur if the corresponding precautions are not taken!

- **Danger owing to electric current**
  - Danger owing to electric current or voltage.

- **Information**
  - Important information and advice for user.

2.3 **Product safety**

The device conforms to the state of the art at the time of delivery and is fundamentally considered to be reliable. The device and its accessories must only be used in a flawless condition and installed and operated in compliance with the assembly instructions and/or operating instructions. Operating outside the device's technical specifications (rating plate and attachment / technical data) can lead to a defect in the device and additional damage!

In the case of a malfunction or a failure of the equipment check all functions with alarms in order to prevent injury to persons or property. Note possibility of back-up operation. If used in intensive animal environments, any malfunctions in the air supply must be detected as soon as possible to prevent the development of a life-threatening situation for the animals. The design and installation of the system must comply with local regulations and directives. In Germany these include DIN VDE 0100, the animal protection and the keeping of working animals ordinance and the pig-keeping ordinance etc. Also note the instructions of AEL, DLG, VdS.

2.4 **Requirements placed on the personnel / due diligence**

Persons entrusted with the planning, installation, commissioning and maintenance and servicing in connection with the frequency inverter must have the corresponding qualifications and skills for these jobs.

In addition, they must be knowledgeable about the safety regulations, EU directives, rules for the prevention of accidents and the corresponding national as well as regional and in-house regulations. Personnel to be trained or instructed and apprentices are only permitted to work on the device under the supervision of an experienced person. This also applies to personnel undergoing general training. Comply with the legal minimum age.

This device is not intended to be used by people (including children) who have restricted mental, sensory or intellectual abilities or who have a lack of experience and/or knowledge.

2.5 **Start-up and during operation**

- **Attention!**
  - During commissioning, unexpected and hazardous conditions can arise in the entire installation due to defective adjustments, defective components or incorrect electrical connections. Remove all persons and objects from the hazardous area.

  During operation, the device must be closed or installed in a control cabinet. Fuses may only be replaced by new ones and must not be repaired or bypassed. The data for the maximum line fuse are to be considered absolutely (Technical data). Use only fuses specified in schematic diagrams.

  Any faults detected in the electric system/modules/operating equipment must be corrected immediately. If these faults are not corrected, the device/system is potentially very dangerous. The device/system must therefore not be operated when it is faulty.
2.6 Work on the device

Information
Installation, electrical connection, and start-up operation may only be carried out by an electrical specialist in accordance with electrotechnical regulations (e.g. DIN EN 50110 or DIN EN 60204)!

Danger owing to electric current
It is forbidden to carry out work on electrically live parts. Protection class of the device when open is IP 00! It is possible to inadvertently touch components carrying hazardous voltages. The safe isolation from the supply must be checked using a two-pole voltage detector.

Attention!
Automatically restart after a power failure or mains disconnection!

2.7 Modifications / interventions in the device

Attention!
For reasons of safety, no unauthorized interventions or modifications may be made on the device. All planned modifications must be authorized by the manufacturer in writing.

Only use the manufacturer’s original spare parts / wearing parts / accessories. These parts are specially designed for this device. If parts from other sources are used, there is no guarantee that they are designed and produced for the proper loads and with the required level of safety. Parts and special equipment not supplied by the manufacturer are not approved for use.

2.8 Operator’s obligation of diligence

- The contractor or owner must also ensure that the electric systems and equipment are operated and maintained in accordance with electro-technical regulations.
- The owner is obliged to ensure that the device are operated in perfect working order only.
- The device may only be used as intended (☞ “Application”).
- You must periodically examine the safety equipment for their properly functioning condition.
- The assembly instructions and/or operating instructions are always readily available at the location where the device is being used, are complete and are in legible condition.
- These persons are regularly instructed in all applicable questions regarding occupational safety and environmental protection and are knowledgeable regarding the assembly instructions and/or operating instructions and, especially, are familiar with the safety instructions contained therein.
- All safety and warning notices attached to the frequency inverter are never removed and remain legible.

2.9 Employment of external personnel

Maintenance and service work are frequently carried out by external employees who often do not recognize the specific situations and the thus resulting dangers. These persons must be comprehensively informed about the hazards in their area of activity. You must monitor their working methods in order to intervene in good time if necessary.
3 Product overview

3.1 Operational area
The controller described is used for continuous speed adjustment on variable voltage 3~ motors used to drive ventilators or pumps.

3.2 Maintenance
The device must be checked for soiling and, if necessary, cleaned in periodic intervals.

3.3 Transport
- The device is packed ex factory to suit the transport method previously agreed.
- Always use the original packaging materials when transporting the device.
- Avoid shocks and impacts to the device during the transport.
- During manual handling the human lifting and carrying restrictions must be observed and adhered to.

3.4 Storage
- The device must be stored in its original packaging in a dry and weather-proof room.
- Avoid exposure to extreme heat and cold.
- Avoid over-long storage periods (we recommend a maximum of one year).

3.5 Waste disposal / recycling
Disposal must be carried out professionally and environmentally friendly in accordance with the legal stipulations.

4 Mounting

4.1 General notes

Attention!
The following points must be complied with during the mechanical installation to avoid causing a defect in the device due to assembly errors or environmental influences:

- Before installation remove the device from the packing and check for any possible shipping damage!
- Assemble the device on a clean and stable base. Do not distort during assembly! Use the appropriate mounting devices for proper installation of the unit!
- Do not mount equipment on vibrating base!
- When mounted onto lightweight walls, there must be no impermissibly high vibrations or shock loads. Any banging shut of doors that are integrated into these lightweight walls, can result in extremely high shock loads. Therefore, we advise you to decouple the devices from the wall.
- Do not allow drilling chips, screws and other foreign bodies to reach the device interior!
- The plastic washers must be installed between the screw heads and the housing for models with mounting holes on the inside of the housing!
- The device should be installed in a location where it will not be disturbed, but at the same time can be easily accessed!
- Depending on the housing model use supplied stoppers for cable inlets, cut off necessary cable inlets respectively to the cable diameter. Or alternative use cable inlet for cable glands. Any cable ducts openings not used must be sealed!
- Care must be taken to avoid direct radiation from the sun!
- The device is designed for vertical installation (cable inlet down). A horizontal or reclined installation is only permissible after technical release of the manufacturer!
- Be sure to observe proper heat dissipation (Technical data, heat dissipation).
4.2 Minimum space requirement
In order to ensure sufficient ventilation of the device, clearance on all sides of at least 50 mm has to be maintained to the housing walls, switch cabinet doors, wiring ducts, etc. The same clearance applies to the installation of several devices next to each other.
When installing several devices on top of each other, the danger of reciprocal heating exists. This layout is only then permissible when the air suctioned from the upper unit does not become warmer than the permissible ambient temperature (Technical data). I.e., a correspondingly larger clearance or thermal shielding is required.

4.3 Outdoor installation
Outdoor installation is possible up to -20 °C when the controller supply is not switched off. Installation must be protected from the effects of weather as much as possible, including protection from direct sunlight!

4.4 Installation location for agriculture
In order to avoid damage caused by ammonia vapours, the controller shall not be installed in the stable, but rather in an outhouse wherever possible.

4.5 Temperature influences during commissioning
Avoid condensation in the controller and hence functional faults attributable to condensation by storing the controller at room temperature!
5 Electrical installation

5.1 Safety precautions

Danger owing to electric current

- Work on electric components may only be carried out by trained electricians or by persons instructed in electricity under the supervision of an electrician in accordance with electrical engineering regulations.
- It is forbidden to carry out work on electrically live parts.
- A second person must always be present when working on energized parts or lines who disconnects in case of emergency.
- Inspect electrical equipment periodically: retighten loose connections – immediately replace damaged lines and cables.
- Always keep switch cabinets and all electrical supply facilities locked. Access is only allowed for authorized persons using a key or special tool.
- Operating the device with the housing cover removed is prohibited because energized, exposed parts are present inside the device. Disregarding this regulation can lead to severe personal injury.
- The required protective earth connection is established using screws between the housing parts in metal terminal space covers and housing casings. Commissioning is only permissible after these screws have been properly attached!
- Metal screwed-connections are not permitted in plastic housing parts because there is no potential equalization.
- Never clean electrical equipment with water or similar liquids.

Information
The respective connections are represented in the enclosure of this manual (Connection diagram)!

5.2 EMC-compatible installation

5.2.1 Motor feeder cable
The applicable standard for interference emissions is EN 61000-6-3. Compliance with this standard is achieved through the use of an unscreened motor feed cable.

5.2.2 Signal cable
Pay attention to sufficient distance from powerlines and motor wires to prevent interferences. The control cable may not be longer than 30 m. Screened control cables must be used when the cable length is longer than 20 m. When using a shielded cable connect the shielding to one side only, i.e. only to the control unit with the protective ground (keep cable short and with as little inductance as possible!).

5.3 Mains connection

5.3.1 Line voltage
Power from the mains is connected to terminals: PE, L1, L2, L3 and N. Here, it must be strictly observed that the mains voltage lies within the allowable tolerance specifications (Technical data and nameplate affixed to the side).

The neutral conductor connection “N” is only for the leakage current’s reduction. It is of no significance for the function of the device. The connection is not applicable for power supply networks without a neutral conductor. Since higher leakage currents may arise by this across the protective-cable connection “PE”, unwanted triggering by mistake may occur in systems with FI protection circuits.

Attention
If the neutral conductor “N” is not connected and the “PE” connection is interrupted, touching can result in dangerously high leakage currents.
In this case, EN 50178 Section 5.3.2.1 for devices with leakage current above 3.5 mA must be observed.
5.3.2 Required quality attributes for the mains voltage

Danger owing to electric current
The mains voltage must comply with the DIN EN 50160 quality characteristics and the defined standard voltages in IEC 60038!

5.3.3 Operation in IT-Net
In the IT net the neutral point of voltage supply is not grounded; in the case of a short-circuit between a phase (e.g. "L1") and protective grounding "PE" becomes the protective grounding potential = "L1".

In order to ensure a trouble free operation in this case:
1. the “GND” potential of the control ports have to be connected with the protective grounding potential.
2. the “N” lead must not be connected.

As consequence of the connection between “GND” potential of the control ports with protective grounding potential, the following must be considered (exception floating relay contacts):
1. connection only with wires, suitable for mains voltage and surrounding area.
2. connection with suitable isolated amplifiers only.

5.4 Residual-current-operated protective device

Danger owing to electric current
Owing to possible leakage currents occurring when the device is switched on, it is advisable to use short-time-delayed current-operated circuit-breakers. This prevents any triggering by mistake.

Plants without neutral conductor connection ➔ Mains connection.

5.5 Motor connection
The motor leads are connected to the terminals: PE, U, V, W. Several fans can be connected to the controller—the maximum total current of all motors (maximum rated current for electronic control of the voltage) must not exceed the current rating for the controller.

If the maximum control current for electronic voltage regulation is not known, a supplementary of the rated motor current must be made.

Typical is this for 2- and 4-pole motors at approx. 25 %, for 6-pole motors at approx. 20 %, for 8- and 10-pole motors at approx. 15 % and higher pole motors at approx. 5 %.

When controlling motors from other manufacturers, the controllability and the maximum current for electronic voltage regulation should be requested from the manufacturer.

Information
It is recommended that a separate motor protection unit be foreseen for each fan.

5.5.1 Running noise
When controlling ventilators using electronic voltage regulators, motor noise can occur (due to the system), which can be troublesome.

On fast running ventilators with a high level of air noise, this noise is relatively low. On slow running ventilators with a low level of air noise, this noise may be dominant in the lower speed range due to the occurrence of resonance.

For systems where noise is critical, we recommend using our frequency inverters with integrated sinusoidal filter.
5.6 Motor protection

Motor protection is possible by connecting thermostats “TB” (thermal contacts) or thermistors “TP” (PTC).

- When several motors are connected ensure that the thermal contacts “TB” or PTC resistors “TP” are always connected in series. A maximum of six individual thermistors (DIN 44081 or DIN 44082) may be connected in series to a single device. Depending on the motor type, at least two or three individual sensors are built in.
- Monitoring of motors in Ex zones is not permissible. For systems of this type, an additional posistor tripping unit is required, with disconnection via a separate motor protection circuit.

The unit switches off when a connected thermostat or thermistor has tripped the circuit (interruption between both terminals “TB/TP” or “TK/PTC”). The unit then remains switched off. A programmed fault-indicating relay is triggering.

5.7 Signal connection or sensor connection to analog inputs (Analog In 1, Analog In 2)

The unit has 2-analog inputs:
- E1 Analog In = terminals “E1” / “GND” (Analog In 1)
- E2 Analog In = terminals “E2” / “GND” (Analog In 2)

Ensure correct polarity when connecting; a 24 V DC power supply is integrated for sensors. For sensors in two-wire-technology (4 - 20 mA signal), the connection is made on the “+24 V” and “E1” or “E2” terminals (the GND terminal is omitted). The connection is independent of the programmed mode and from the sensor signal employed. Place the internal jumper for the external default signal in the correct position. Factory setting 0 - 10 V (Jumper for Input signal).

Attention!

- An outside voltage may never be connected to the terminals “TB/TP” and/or “TK/PTC”!

5.8 Output voltage 0 - 10 V (Analog Out)

The analog outputs 0 - 10 V can be allocated with various functions (IO Setup: Analog output "A").
Connection to terminal “A” - “GND” = “Analog Out” (I_{max} 10 mA).

It is not permissible to connect outputs of several devices to each other!

5.9 Voltage supply for external devices (+24 V, GND)

A voltage supply is integrated for external devices, e.g., for a sensor. “+24 V” Output voltage tolerance +/- 20 %. Max. load current 120 mA (for connection to an external "AXG.." terminal minus approx. 50 mA).

It is not permissible to connect outputs of several devices to each other!

During an overload or short-circuit (24 V - GND), the control voltage (and thus the device) is disconnected. Automatic start after elimination of the cause of error.
5.10 Add-on module type Z-Modul-B Part-No. 380052
The expansion module can be retrofitted. This could be necessary if the analog and digital inputs and outputs are not sufficient for certain applications. The board is easy to install into the device and is connected with the control device via a plug. Program the additional inputs and outputs in “IO Setup”.

- 1x analogue input 0-10 V (R> 100 kΩ) for external Set point
- 1x output 0 - 10 V (I\text{\textsubscript{max}} 10 mA)
- 3x digital-inputs, Activation via floating contacts
- 2x relay outputs (contact load 5 A 250 V AC)

Add-on module type Z-Modul-B

5.11 Digital inputs (D1, D2)
Various functions can be allocated to the digital inputs “D1” and “D2” (IO Setup: Functions summary of the digital inputs). Activation via floating contacts (a low voltage of ca. 24 V DC is connected).

\begin{table}
\begin{tabular}{|l|}
\hline
Attention! \hline
Never apply line voltage to the digital input! \hline
It is not permissible to connect inputs of several devices to each other! \hline
\end{tabular}
\end{table}

5.12 Relay outputs (K1, K2)
Various functions can be allocated to the relay outputs “K1” and “K2” (IO Setup: function and inverting relais outputs). Max. contact rating \( \text{technical data and connection diagram.} \)
Connection of the floating contacts of relay “K1” to the terminals 11, 14, 12. Connection of the floating contacts of relay “K2” to the terminals 21, 24, 22.

5.13 Communication

5.13.1 Networking via MODBUS-RTU
The device comes equipped with a RS-485 interface for networking via a MODBUS. Connection to terminals “D+”, “D-”, and “GND”.

| A maximum of 64 members can be directly connected to one another, and another 63 members via a repeater. |
| The address must be set in the “IO Setup” menu. |

5.13.2 RS-485 - network design and interface parameter
You must ensure correct connection; i.e. “D+” must also be connected on the following devices to “D+”. The same applies to “D-”.

In addition, a “GND” connection must be established, as dissimilar potential (over 10 V!) will lead to the destruction of the RS-485 interface (e.g. lightning).

| general example for Modbus device connection |

The data line must be conducted from one device to the next. No other type of wiring is allowed! Always use only two wires of one lead (twisted pair) for the connection.
Examples for Modbus connection

Recommended wire types
1. CAT5 / CAT7 cables
2. J-Y (St) 2x2x0.6 (telephone wire)
3. AWG22 (2x2 twisted pair)

When using telephone flex with four cable cores, we recommend the following allocation:
“D+” = red, “D-” = black, “GND” = white

Information
- Pay attention to sufficient distance from powerlines and motor wires (min. 20 cm)
- Do not use wire shield
- Except the data link "D+", "D-" and "GND" - connection may no further cable cores of the data line be used.
- Max. allowed wire length 1000 m (CAT5/7 500 m)

Default interface parameter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baud rate</td>
<td>19200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bits</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parity</td>
<td>Even (None, exception of devices agriculture)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop bits</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handshake</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.13.3 LON® Bus system is possible via add-on module
Connection to the LON® bus system is possible via add-on module type “Z-Modul-L” (Part-No. 380053). Communication to controller via the RS-485 interface, FTT-10A transceiver.

5.14 Potential at control voltage connections
The control voltage connections (< 50 V) relate to the joint GND potential (Exception: Relay contacts are potential free). There is a potential separation between the control voltage connections and the earthed conductor. It must be ensured that the maximum external voltage at the control voltage connections cannot exceed 50V (between “GND” terminals and “PE” earthed conductor). If necessary, a connection to the earthed conductor potential can be established, install bridge between “GND” terminal and the “PE” connection (terminal for screening).
6 Controls and Menu

6.1 Multipurpose LC display and keyboard

1. Numeric display 5 digit
2. Moon-Symbol for set point 2
3. Alarm-Symbol (fault indication)
4. Fire-Symbol (heating operation)
5. STOP-Symbol (enable)
6. Bargraph Fanlevel
7. Text line 3 figures (display unit, etc.)
8. Text line 16 figures (display text menu.)

P Program key and open menu
▼ Menu selection, reduce value
▲ Menu selection, increase value
▼ + ▲ ESC-key combination, Escape = leave menu

Display after turning on the mains voltage.

description for menu language English = “GB” (delivery status).
Switch over between “Start” and “Actual value” with Escape Esc.

Example for mode 1.01 (speed controller).

*actual value depending device type:
- Speed / rpm, - Frequency / Hz, - Fanlevel / %

By pushing the P key one reaches the menu item “START”.

One moves up and down within the menu group using the arrow keys.

In the menu point “Language” display language can be selected.
One returns to the menu group “Start” using the ESC (▼ + ▲) shortcut keys.
### 6.3 Menu structure

Selection of the menu group (e.g. Base setup) to the right through the ▼-key, to the left through the ▲-key.
You can go to the menu items in the menu groups (e.g. mode of operation) by using the P key. Use the arrow keys to move up and down within the menu group.
The menu groups consist of one area for the user (user menu) and one area for installation (service).
The service area can be protected against unauthorized access by using a PIN.
In order to simplify the initial start-up operation, the service level is enabled at first (i.e., not protected by the PIN 0010 (see Controller Setup, PIN protection = OFF). If PIN protection is activated (ON),
the service menu remains enabled after input of PIN 0010 as long as one is pressing keys. If no keys are pressed for ca. 15 minutes, the PIN is automatically erased, i.e. the service level is blocked.
To make adjustments, press the P key after selecting the menu item. If the previously set value starts to flash, it can be adjusted with the ▼ + ▲ keys and then saved with the P key. To exit the menu without making any changes, use the “Esc” short-key, i.e., the originally set values remain.

### Information
After installation of the device has been carried out, PIN protection should be activated (Controller Setup!)

### 6.4 Example for programming mode 2.01 in “Base setup”
7 Base setup

7.1 Jumper for the input signal

Jumper position factory setting for 0 - 10 V signal. For temperature sensors (TF..) or sensors with 4 - 20 mA bring the internal jumper for the external signal in the correct position. Caution - not under voltage! Observe the safety notices! When using “other sensors” bring the jumper in the correct position. The adjustment of the measuring range takes place in the Base setup of respective Mode.

E1 Analog In = (factory setting 0 - 10 V)

E2 Analog In for modes with two sensors

7.1.1 External Setpoint / External speed setting in manual operation

External Setpoint or external manual operation is possible by 0-10 V (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA) Signal at terminals “E2” and “GND”. Place internal Jumper “E2.1” and “E2.2” for “E2 Analog In” in correct position. “E2” Configuration in base setup. For Potentiometer AnalogOut1 (terminal “A”) program to function 1A = “+10 V” (like factory setting IO Setup). If a second sensor is connected at input 2, external Setpoint or speed setting in manual operation is possible with additional modul “Z-Modul-B” (input E3 IO Setup).

E2 Analog In = factory setting 0 - 10 V

E2 Analog In = 0 - 20 mA / 4 - 20 mA

External Setpoint via external signal instead of “Setpoint 1”. The “external Setpoint” function must be activated in base setup 1E for “E2 function”. The active external Setpoint value is displayed in the “info” menu group.

## 7.2 Select operation mode

**Information**

Simple installation is possible through the selection of the preprogrammed mode of operation. This determines the basic function of the device; factory setting 1.01 = speed controller (activation via 0 - 10 V signal). The controller configuration is automatically carried out during selection of the application related mode of operation. The factory presets in accordance with the mode of operation are based on many years of experience, which is suitable for many applications. Under special circumstances, these can be individually adapted (Controller Setup: "Controller Configuration").

The purpose of the device is to reach and maintain the target values set. To accomplish this, the measured actual value (sensor value) is compared with the adjusted target value, and the controlled value (modulation) is deduced from this.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Signal or Sensor (input)</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>Signal 0 - 10 V</td>
<td>Speed controller, two step operation (factory setting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.01</td>
<td>Sensor TF..(E1)</td>
<td>Temperature control airconditioning and refrigeration. (preset set-point 20.0 °C, P-band 5.0 K)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.02</td>
<td>Sensor TF..(E2)</td>
<td>Temperature control depending on outdoor temperature (preset set-point 5.0 °C, - P-band 20.0 K)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.03</td>
<td>Sensor TF..(E1)</td>
<td>Temperature control with additional functions (heating, shutter, temp. monitoring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.04</td>
<td>1x Sensor TF..(E1)</td>
<td>Temperature control with two sensors, comparison or average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.05</td>
<td>1x Sensor TF..(E1)</td>
<td>Temperature control with two sensors differential temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.01</td>
<td>Sensor MBG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control condensers (refrigeration)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.02</td>
<td>Sensor MBG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control for condensers with input for refrigerant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.03</td>
<td>1x Sensor MBG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control for two circuit condensers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.04</td>
<td>1x Sensor MBG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control for two circuit condensers with input for refrigerant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.01</td>
<td>Sensor DSG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control for ventilation systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.02</td>
<td>1x Sensor DSG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control depending on outdoor temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.03</td>
<td>1x Sensor DSG..(E1)</td>
<td>Pressure control depending on outdoor temperature, MODBUS for outdoor temperature and remote control by central operating device type AXE-200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.01</td>
<td>Sensor DSG..(E1)</td>
<td>Volume control (constant) for ventilation systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.02</td>
<td>1x Sensor DSG..(E1)</td>
<td>Volume control with setpoint depending on outdoor temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.01</td>
<td>Sensor MAL..(E1)</td>
<td>Air velocity control e.g. clean room</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8 Start-up

8.1 Prerequisites for commissioning

Attention!
1. You must mount and connect the device in accordance with the operating instructions.
2. Check all connections for correctness once more.
3. The mains voltage must match the information on the rating plate.
4. The rated current on the rating plate will not be exceeded.
5. Make sure that no persons or objects are in the fan’s hazardous area.

8.2 Procedure for commissioning

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sequence</th>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>If necessary, set the menu language in <strong>Menu group “Start”</strong>. (Factory setting Englisch: “Language GB”)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Set the operating mode in the <strong>Base setup</strong> menu group (factory settings 1.01 = speed controllers). <strong>Attention!</strong> When saving the operating mode, the respective preset factory operating-mode setting is loaded. That means, the settings you have made, e.g., in “Motor setup” are lost. An exception: the menu language setting remains preserved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Setting CosPhi for optimal operation (<strong>zr</strong> motor data)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.3 Menu overview Mode 1.01 (without add-on modules)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Start</th>
<th>Info</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Events</th>
<th>Base setup</th>
<th>Controller Setup</th>
<th>IO Setup</th>
<th>Limits</th>
<th>Motor Setup</th>
<th>Diagnostic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>PIN input Modulation</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>Set Intern1</td>
<td>-0- Motor fault</td>
<td><strong>1.01</strong> Mode</td>
<td>OFF PIN Protection</td>
<td>1A Function</td>
<td>OFF Level. Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GB Language</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>Set external1</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>Set Intern2</td>
<td>-1- Overload</td>
<td>0-10 V E1 Analog In</td>
<td>OFF Set protection</td>
<td>0.0 V A min.</td>
<td>----- Level min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>-2- External error</td>
<td>OFF E2 Function</td>
<td>OFF Save User Setup</td>
<td>10.0 V A max.</td>
<td>----- Level max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>-3- Sensor 2</td>
<td>----- E2 Analog In</td>
<td>----- Limit</td>
<td>OFF A Inverting</td>
<td>----- Level Delay</td>
<td>OFF Suppression1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.13</td>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Set external1</td>
<td>----- nmin at Group2</td>
<td>OFF D1 Function</td>
<td>OFF Lmt E1 Function</td>
<td>----- Range1 min.</td>
<td>29.5 °C E1 - KTY</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 9 Programming

## 9.1 Speed controller

### 9.1.1 Base setup

**Base setup**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>Factory setting Mode: 1.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**E1 Analog In**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Selection</td>
<td>0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA, Bus (Inverting IO Setup)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory setting</td>
<td>0 - 10 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**E2 Function** (only for special applications)

Analog input 2 “E2” factory set at “OFF”.

For operation with a second signal and switch over via floating contact set function for “E2” to 1E (IO Setup: function 4D).

For operation with a second signal and automatic control at the higher level. Set “E2” Function to 4E.

**E2 Analog In**

As long as no allocation has been carried out display: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA, Bus (Inverting IO Setup)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory setting</td>
<td>0 - 10 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 9.1.2 Setting for operation

**Setting**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set Intern1</td>
<td>Setting range Manual speed setting: 0...100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory setting</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Set Intern2**

Setting “Set Intern2” e.g. reduced value for night operation. Switch over intern 1/2 by external contact (as long as no allocation is carried out: Display: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>Setting range: 0...100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory setting</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Maximal Speed**

Setting range: 100% - “Min. Speed”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>Factory setting: 100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Set external1**

“ON” (factory setting) = speed setting by external Signal

“OFF” = Setting “Set Intern1”
Diagram setting signal and output voltage (Idealized principle diagram)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td>- - - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>1.01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Info</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set external1</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Intern1</td>
<td>80 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Intern2</td>
<td>- - - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set external1</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Events</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base setup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>1.01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>0 - 10 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Analog In</td>
<td>- - - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further menus see chapters:
- Controller Setup
- IO Setup
- Limits
- Motor Setup
- Diagnostic

9.1.3 Menu Speed controller 1.01

1.01 Speed controller

E2 Function
E1/E2 Switch over

1E

4E E1/E2 automatic higher level
## 9.2 Temperature control 2.01...2.05

### 9.2.1 Basic setting 2.01... 2.05

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Base setup</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mode selection e.g. 2.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### E1 Analog In

In all group 2 operating modes (2.01, 2.02, 2.03, ...)

"E1 analogue In" factory set to "TF" (measuring range -27...+75 °C).

Alternative selection Sensor: “MTG120V”

Aktive sensor with 0 - 10 V output (jump for input signal) and proportional measuring range: -10...+120 °C.

Alternative selection signal: 0 - 10 V, 0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA (jumper for input signal) accordingly inserted. The sensor measurement-range must be entered in order to correctly display the actual value.

Example with a 0 - 10 V sensor and 0 - 100 °C measurement range:

E1 Analog In = 0 - 10 V, E1 Min. = 0.0 °C, E1 Max. = 100.0 °C, E1 Decimal = 1, E1 Unit = °C

### E1 Offset

Sensor calibration with calibrated comparison device

### E2 Function

- Funktion 1E = External Setpoint via external signal (0 - 10 V) instead of “Setpoint1”.
  - For sensor type “E1 Analog In” = “TF”: 0 - 10 V Δ -27...+75.0 °C.
  - For sensors with active signal: 0 - 10 V Δ 0 - 100 % sensor measuring range.

- Funktion 2E = External manual operation via external signal (0 - 10 V). Switch over between settings on the device and external manual operation via digital input (IO Setup).

- Funktion 7E Measurement value = Measurement value e.g. for limit indication, display in Info menu “E2 Actual”.

### Modes with two sensors

The function is automatically jointly programmed in operating modes using 2 sensors.

The second analog input is thus allocated and additional function allocations are not possible.

- 2.04 E2 Function at 4E preprogrammed = comparison value with control to higher temperature. Alternative: average of 2 measuring points for this must be reprogrammed on function 3E preprogrammed sensor type “TF”.

- 2.05 E2 Function at 5E preprogrammed = regulation on difference temperature between sensor 1 and sensor 2. Preprogrammed sensor type “TF”.
9.2.2 Settings for operation modes **2.01..2.05**

| **2.01** | Temperature control simple |
| **2.02** | Temperature control depending on outdoor temperature (Special function: Sensor connection at “E2”, display and setting under “E1”). |
| **2.03** | Temperature control with pre-programmed additional functions (heating, shutter, temperature monitoring). |
| **2.04** | Temperature control with 2 sensors |

Comparison with control to higher value “E2 Function” set to comparison 4E. Display during operation: “Control value”

Alternative: Average calculation of 2 measuring places “E2 Function” set to 3E. Display during operation: “Average E1 / E2.”

| **2.05** | Temperature control with 2 sensors, regulation on difference temperature. Display during operation: “Value of E1 - E2” in K, “E1” = reference temperatur, “E2” causes positiv (E2 < E1) or negative (E2 > E1) difference. |

### Setting

#### Setpoint1

- **Setting range:** with passive sensor type "TF..": -27.0...75 °C
- **Factory setting:** 2.01, 2.03, 2.04 : 20.0 °C
  - at 2.02 : 5.0 °C
  - at 2.05 : 0.0 °C
- **Setting range:** at active sensor type "MTG-120V": -10.0 °C...+120.0 °C
- **Factory setting:** 2.01, 2.05 : 55.0 °C

#### Setpoint2

- **Setting** “Setpoint 2” e.g. reduced value for night operation.
- Switch over Setpoint 1/2 by external contact (as long as no allocation is carried out: Display: ⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯⎯ ⎯ IOSetup).

#### Pband

- **small control range = short control times**
- **big control range = longer control times and (higher controller stability)**

  - passive Sensor type "TF.."
  - **Setting range:** 0-120.0 K (Kelvin)
  - **Factory setting:** 5.0 K, (at 2.02 : 20.0 K)

  - active Sensor type "MTG-120V"
  - **Setting range:** -10.0...+120.0 K
  - **Factory setting:** 65.0 K

#### Minimal Speed

- **Setting range:** 0...100 %
- **Factory setting:** 0 %

#### Maximal Speed

- **Setting range:** 100 %... “Min. Speed”
- **Factory setting:** 100 %

#### Manual mode

- “OFF” = automatic control as function of the set parameters (Factory setting)
- “ON” = automatic control without function, speed setting in menu “Speed manual”

#### Speed manual

- Manual speed setting without influence by the external signal.
- Activation by menu “Manual mode” or external contact at digital input (≡ IO Setup).
- **Setting range:** 0...100 %
- **Factory setting:** 100 %
- For information about deactivated regulation the adjusted value for manual speed is indicated alternating with the actual value.
9.2.3 Functional diagrams temperature control

Example 1: Temperature control in factory setting “Cooling function” (Idealized principle diagram)

(Controller Setup: “Val > Set = n+” to “ON”)

\( nM \) Motor speed
\( S \) Setpoint
\( R \) Pband
\( I \) Actual value

Example 2: Temperature control in “Heating function” (Idealized principle diagram)

(Controller Setup: “Val > Set = n+” to “OFF”)

\( nM \) Motor speed
\( S \) Setpoint
\( R \) Pband
\( I \) Actual value
9.2.4 Additional formode 2.03: Signal output 0 - 10 V

The 0 - 10 V output signal can, e.g., be used for triggering a shutter or heating.

### Offset AnalogOut

The target value for this output is the target value (Setpoint) for the ventilation “offset setting”.

- Adjustment: range +/- 10 K relative to the active Setpoint.
- Example for triggering a shutter servomotor:
  - At factory setting “0 K” = synchronous operation.
  - The analog output is factory set to increasing activation during increasing temperature.
  - Reprogramming to “Heating function”, i.e., increasing modulation during decreasing temperature is possible (IO Setup).

### Pband AnalogOut

Pband AnalogOut = separately adjustable range of control (P-band) for 0 - 10 V output

- Setting range: 0...102.0 K
- Factory setting: 2.0 K

### Min. AnalogOut

Min. AnalogOut = Minimal output voltage

- Setting range: 0...100 % = 0 - 10 V
- Factory setting: 0 %

### Max. AnalogOut

Max. AnalogOut = Maximal output voltage,

- Setting range: 100...0 % = 10 - 0 V
- Factory setting: 0.0 K

#### Example for signal out 0 - 10 V (IO Setup: “A function” = |6A|)

![Graph showing 0-10V signal output with specifications for Min., Max., and Pband AnalogOut](image_url)

Example: Setpoint ventilation 25.0°C, Offset -5.0 K, Pband 10.0 K

\[
\begin{align*}
S &\quad \text{Setpoint Ventilation +/- Offset} \\
R &\quad \text{Pband} \\
I &\quad \text{Actual value}
\end{align*}
\]
9.2.5 For mode 2.03: Relay output for Heating or Cooling

### OffsetDigitalOut
Offset Digital Out = Offset for relay output (“K2” is pre-programmed by the factory). The relay operating point deviates by the adjusted offset of the Setpoint of the ventilation (if relay “K2” not inverted, terminal 21 - 24 bridged).
- Setting range: -10.0...+10.0 K
- Factory setting: -1.0 K
  - "0.0 K" set, i.e. heating "ON" when: actual value = Setpoint
  - During negative offset value heating “ON” when: actual value = Setpoint - offset
  - During positive offset value heating “ON” when: actual value = Setpoint + offset

### Hyst.DigitalOut
Switching hysteresis of the relay
- Setting range: 0...10 K, Factory setting: 1.0 K (Kelvin)

#### Temperature variation with factory setting [9K] in IO Setup e.g. for controlling a Heating.
If the ambient temperature is lower than the set operating point, the heating remains switched on. If the ambient temperature exceeds the set operating point of the heating by 2 K (Kelvin), the heating is switched off. I.e., the release point is situated at the hysteresis value over the operating point.

**Example:**
Setpoint 15.0 °C, Offset +5.0 K, Hysteresis 2.0 K

- ON = 15°C + 5 K = 20 °C
- OFF = 20°C + 2 K = 22 °C

**Example:**
Setpoint 20.0 °C, Offset -5.0 K, Hysteresis 2.0 K

- OFF = 15°C - 2 K = 17 °C
- ON = 20°C - 5K = 15 °C

The activated heating is indicated over the fire symbol in the display.

#### Temperature variation with reprogramming to [10K] for “K2” in IO Setup, e.g., for activation of the Cooling.

**Example:**
Setpoint 15.0 °C, Offset +5.0 K, Hysteresis 2.0 K

- ON = 15°C + 5 K = 20 °C
- OFF = 20°C - 2 K = 18 °C

If the ambient temperature is higher than the set operating point, the cooling remains switched on. If the ambient temperature falls below the set operating point of the cooling by 2 K (Kelvin), it is switched off. I.e., the OFF point is situated at the hysteresis value under the ON point.
9.2.6 For mode **2.03** Relay output for temperature monitoring

If the set value for the “minimum alarm” is not reached or the set value for the “maximum alarm” is exceeded, a message is generated via the alarm symbol in the display. In addition, „Lmt E1 min“ is displayed alternately with the actual value for the minimum alarm and Lmt E1 max for the „Maximum alarm“. An external message follows via the factory-assigned“K1“ relay. (IO Setup: K1 function = 2K).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB</td>
<td>GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td><strong>2.01</strong></td>
<td><strong>2.02</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1-E2 actual</td>
<td></td>
<td>-2.4 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control value</td>
<td></td>
<td>30.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Actual</td>
<td>30.0 °C</td>
<td>30.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Actual</td>
<td>30.0 °C</td>
<td>30.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>20.0 °C <em>(55.0 °C)</em></td>
<td>5.0 °C <em>(55.0 °C)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Msco</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pband</td>
<td>5.0 K <em>(65.0 °C)</em></td>
<td>20.0 K <em>(65.0 °C)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td>0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual mode</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed man.</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**9.2.7 Menu for Temperature controller **2.01...2.05**

### Alarm Minimum

Setting range: OFF / -26.9...75.0 °C
Factory setting: 0.0 °C

### Alarm Maximum

Setting range: OFF / -26.9...75.0 °C
Factory setting: 40.0 °C

Example for display if falling below setting “Alarm Minimum” alternating to the actual value display.
Relay “K1” disengages (if not inverted).

Example for display if exceeding setting “Alarm Maximum” alternating to the actual value display.
Relay “K1” disengages (if not inverted).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Offset Analog Out</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pband Analog Out</td>
<td>2.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Analog Out</td>
<td>0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Analog Out</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Digital Out</td>
<td>-1.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyst. Digital Out</td>
<td>1.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Minimum</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Maximum</td>
<td>40.0 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>2.01</th>
<th>2.02</th>
<th>2.03</th>
<th>2.04</th>
<th>2.05</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td>TF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Min.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Max.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Decimals</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Unit</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>4E</td>
<td>5E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Analog In</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td>TF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Min.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Max.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Decimals</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Unit</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Offset</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further menus see chapters:
- Controller Setup
- IO Setup
- Limits
- Motor Setup
- Diagnostic

2.02 Temperature control depending on outdoor temperature
2.03 Temperature control with additional functions: shutter and heating
2.04 Temperature control with two sensors comparison with control to higher value average calculation of 2 measuring places
2.05 Temperature control with 2 sensors. Regulation on difference temperature.

1E E2 Function  
1E external Setpoint
2E external manual mode
3E Sensor average to E1
4E Sensor comparison to E1
5E Sensor difference to E1
6E Sensor for Setpoint
7E Measurement
9.3 Pressure control for condensers refrigeration 3.01...3.04

9.3.1 Base setup 3.01...3.04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Base setup</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode selection e.g. 3.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**E1 Analog In**
For all Modes in Group 3 (3.01 3.02 3.03 ...)
"E1 Analog In" factory setting to "MBG-30I". (measuring range 0..30 bar) proportional output 4 - 20 mA
Selection sensor: MBG-30I, MBG-50I, DSF2-25
Alternative selection signal: 0 - 10 V, 4 - 20 mA, ( jumper for input signal) accordingly inserted. The sensor measurement-range must be entered in order to correctly display the actual value.
Example 0 - 10 V sensor and measuring range 0 - 20 bar:
E1 Analog In = 0 - 10 V, E1 Min. = 0.0 bar, E1 Max. = 20.0 bar, E1 Decimals = 1, E1 Unit = bar

**E1 Offset**
Sensor calibration with calibrated comparison device

**E1 Refrigerant**
With 3.02 and 3.04 operating modes with input of the refrigerant, the device automatically calculates the corresponding temperature for the measured pressure. The settings for offset, target value and the controlling range are then carried out in °C or K.
Calculation for relative pressure (differential measurement of pressure relative to ambient pressure). No further settings are necessary for pressure sensors model e.g. "MBG-30I" or "MBG-50I" (measurement range 0 - 30 bar or 0 - 50 bar). In the case of sensors with other measurement ranges, the “E1 Min. value” and the “E1 Max. Value”. Setting in “bar” although unit display is in “°C”!

**E2 Function** (only for special applications)
- External setpoint = Function 1E by external signal (0 - 10 V) instead of “Setpoint1”. 0 - 10 V $\triangle$ 0 - 100 % sensor measuring range.
- External manual operation via external signal (0 - 10 V) = Function 2E. Switch over between settings on the device and external manual operation via digital input (I/O Setup).
- Measurement value = function 7E e.g. for limit indication, display in Info menu “E2 Actual”.

Modes 3.03 and 3.04 with two sensors
The function is automatically jointly programmed in operating modes using 2 sensors. The second analog input is thus allocated and additional function allocations are not possible.
With 3.03 and 3.04 E2 Function at 4E preprogrammed = comparison value with control to higher value (two circuit condensers).

### Selection of the refrigerants:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>R12</th>
<th>R13</th>
<th>R13b1</th>
<th>R22</th>
<th>R23</th>
<th>R32</th>
<th>R114</th>
<th>R134a</th>
<th>R142B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R227</td>
<td>R401</td>
<td>R401A</td>
<td>R401B</td>
<td>R402</td>
<td>R402A</td>
<td>R402B</td>
<td>R404A</td>
<td>R407A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R407B</td>
<td>R407C</td>
<td>R410A</td>
<td>R500</td>
<td>R502</td>
<td>R503</td>
<td>R507</td>
<td>R717</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9.3.2 Setting for operation modes 3.01 – 3.04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setpoint1</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setpoint2</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pband</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Min. Speed</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. Speed</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Manual mode** | “OFF” = automatic control as function of the set parameters (Factory setting)  
“ON” = automatic control without function, speed setting in menu “Speed manual” |
| **Speed manual** | Manual speed setting without influence by the external signal.  
Activation by menu “Manual mode” or external contact at digital input (≠ IO Setup).  
Setting range: 0...100 %  
Factory setting: 100 %  
For information about deactivated regulation the adjusted value for manual speed is indicated alternating with the actual value. |

#### 3.01 Pressure control condensers, setting Setpoint in bar

#### 3.02 Pressure control for condensers with input for refrigerant, Setpoint in °C

#### 3.03 Two sensors for dual circuit condenser. Automatic regulation to the highest pressure (selection amplifier integrated) operation display: “Control value”, Setpoint in bar

#### 3.04 Two sensors for dual circuit condenser with input for refrigerant automatic regulation to the highest pressure (selection amplifier). Setpoint in °C, also for different refrigerants suitably there comparison of the temperatures. Display during operation: “Control value “
9.3.3 **Functional diagrams pressure control condensers**

Functional diagram for Mode 3.01 and 3.03 (idealized principle diagram)

**Information**

The factory default presets must be adapted to match the system conditions by a competent person.
### 9.3.4 Menu pressure controller refrigeration 3.01... 3.04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Start</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB</td>
<td>GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>3.01</td>
<td>3.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Info</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Actual</td>
<td>10.0 bar</td>
<td>12.0 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Actual</td>
<td>12.0 bar</td>
<td>12.0 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>12.0 bar</td>
<td>35.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Msco</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setting</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>12.0 bar</td>
<td>35.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pband</td>
<td>5.0 K</td>
<td>7.0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td>0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual mode</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed man.</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Events</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Base setup</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>0-30 MBG</td>
<td>0-30 MBG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Refrigerant</td>
<td>R503</td>
<td>R503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Decimals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 bar</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Function</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Analog In</td>
<td>0-30 MBG</td>
<td>0-30 MBG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Refrigerant</td>
<td></td>
<td>R503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Decimals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 bar</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further menus see chapters:
- Controller Setup
- IO Setup
- Limits
- Motor Setup
- Diagnostic

3.01 Pressure control condensers, Setpoint in bar
3.02 Pressure control for condensers with input for refrigerant, Setpoint in °C
3.03 2 sensors for dual circuit condensers regulation to the highest actual value (selection amplifier integrated) Setpoint in bar.
3.04 2 sensors for dual circuit condensers with input for refrigerant. Regulation to the highest actual value Setpoint in °C.
9.4 Pressure control air conditioning 4.01...4.03

9.4.1 Base setup 4.01...4.03

### Base setup 4.01...

**Mode**
Mode selection e.g. 4.01

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1 Analog In</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| In all group 2 operating modes 4 (4.01 4.02 4.03 ...) "E1 Analog In" factory setting "DSG200". Selection sensor measuring range: "DSG 50", "DSG100"*, "DSG200", "DSG300"*, "DSG500", "DSG1000", "DSG2000", "DSG4000", "DSG6000" (* no standard type). For sensors with 0 - 20 mA or 4 - 20 mA signal ( jumper for input signal), select measuring range "DSG50"..."DSG6000". For not preprogrammed measuring range the sensor measurement range must be entered in order to display the actual value correctly.
Example with a 0 - 10 V sensor and 0 - 400 Pa measurement range (proportional output signal):
E1 Analog In = 0 - 10 V, E1 Min. = 0.0 Pa, E1 Max. = 400 Pa, E1 Dezimal = 1, E1 unit = Pa

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1 Offset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Sensor calibration with calibrated comparison device

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E2 Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(only for special applications)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• External setpoint = Function 1E by external signal (0 - 10 V) instead of &quot;Setpoint1&quot;. 0 - 10 V ± 0 - 100 % sensor measuring range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• External manual operation via external signal (0 - 10 V) = Function 2E Switch over between settings on the device and external manual operation via digital input ( E= IO Setup).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Measurement value = function 7E e.g. for limit indication, display in Info menu &quot;E2 Actual.&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Modes 4.02 and 4.03 with two sensors**
The function is automatically jointly programmed in operating modes using 2 sensors. The second analog input is thus allocated and additional function allocations are not possible.

For 4.02 E2 Function at 6E preprogrammed = sensor for setpoint lowering. Preprogrammed sensor type "TF..."
For 4.03 E2 Function at 6E preprogrammed = sensor for setpoint lowering.
- preprogrammed sensor type "BUS"
- measuring range -35.0...+65.0 °C
In "IO Setup":
For enable “ON” / “OFF” via Bus:
- D1 function = 1D
- D1 Busmode = “ON”
For switch over setpoint 1/2 via Bus:
- D2 function = 5D
- D2 Busmode = “ON”
### 9.4.2 Setting for operation modes 4.01...4.03

- **4.01** pressure control, setpoint in Pa
- **4.02** and **4.03** Pressure control for ventilation systems setpoint depending on outdoor temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Setpoint 1</th>
<th>Setpoint 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pa</strong></td>
<td>100 Pa</td>
<td>e.g. reduced value for night operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setting range:</strong></td>
<td>in measuring range of sensor</td>
<td>in measuring range of sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Factory setting:</strong></td>
<td>100 Pa</td>
<td>100 Pa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pband</th>
<th>Minimal Speed</th>
<th>Maximal Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pa</strong></td>
<td>100 Pa</td>
<td>100 %... “Min. Speed”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setting range:</strong></td>
<td>0...100 %</td>
<td>100 %... “Min. Speed”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Factory setting:</strong></td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Manual mode**

- "OFF" = automatic control as function of the set parameters (Factory setting)
- "ON" = automatic control without function, speed setting in menu “Speed manual”

**Speed manual**

- Manual speed setting without influence by the external signal.
- Activation by menu “Manual mode” or external contact at digital input (\(\text{IO Setup}\)).
- Setting range: 0...100 %
- Factory setting: 100 %
- For information about deactivated regulation the adjusted value for manual speed is indicated alternating with the actual value.
Additional menu item for mode 4.02 and 4.03 with outside-temperature dependent target-setpoint.

Outside-temperature dependent target-setpoint

An outside temperature compensation can be activated (sensor connection “E2” = “Analog In 2”) when being operated as a pressure regulation device.

An optimal building climate, e.g., can be achieved through this. Through this function, the set and active “Setpoint1” or “Setpoint2” is automatically changed proportional to the measured outside temperature (Info: “Setpoint control”).

### Parameters

- **S1**: Setpoint1
- **S2**: Setpoint2
- **P-Min SA**: Minimum pressure
- **T-min**: Minimum temperature
- **T-Start SA**: Setpoint reducing will start below this outside temperature
- **AT**: Outdoor temperature

### Descriptions

- **T-Band SA**: Temperature range in which the setpoint change continously with outside temperature
- **T-Start SA**: Setpoint reducing will start below this outside temperature
- **P-Min SA**: Minimum pressure for very low outside temperature
### 9.4.3 Menu for pressure control airconditioning

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Start</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB</td>
<td>GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>4.01 4.02 4.03</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Info
- **E1 Actual**: 88.7 Pa, 88.7 Pa, 88.7 Pa
- **E2 Actual**: - - - - - - 21.0 °C, 21.0 °C
- **Setpoint1**: 100 Pa, 100 Pa, 100 Pa
- **Setpoint control**: 100 Pa, 100 Pa, 100 Pa
- **Modulation**: 0 %, 0 %, 0 %
- **Msco**: OFF, OFF, OFF

#### Setting
- **Setpoint1**: 100 Pa, 100 Pa, 100 Pa
- **Pband**: 100 Pa, 100 Pa, 100 Pa
- **Min. Speed**: 0 %, 0 %, 0 %
- **Max. Speed**: 100 %, 100 %, 100 %
- **Manual mode**: OFF, OFF, OFF
- **Speed man.**: 100 %, 100 %, 100 %
- **T-Band SA**: 30.0 K, 30.0 K
- **T-Start SA**: 15.0 °C, 15.0 °C
- **P-Min SA**: 70.0 Pa, 70.0 Pa

#### Events
- **E1 Analog In**: DSG200, DSG200, DSG200
- **E1 Min.**: - - - - - -
- **E1 Max.**: - - - - - -
- **E1 Decimals**: - - - - - -
- **E1 Unit**: - - - - - -
- **E1 Offset**: 0.0 Pa, 0.0 Pa, 0.0 Pa
- **E2 Function**: OFF, 6E, 6E
- **E2 Analog In**: - - - - TF, Bus
- **E2 Min.**: - - - - - - -35.0 °C
- **E2 Max.**: - - - - - - 65.0 °C
- **E2 Decimals**: - - - - - -
- **E2 Unit**: - - - - - - °C
- **E2 Offset**: - - - - 0.0 K, 0.0 K

### Further menus see chapters:
- Controller Setup
- IO Setup
- Limits
- Motor Setup
- Diagnostic

---

**Note:**
- **4.01** Pressure control for ventilation systems
- **4.02** Pressure control depending on outdoor temperature
- **4.03** Pressure control depending on outdoor temperature, Modbus for outdoor temperature and remote control by central operating device type AXE-200

---

**Events**

1. **E2 Function**: external Setpoint
2. **E2 Function**: external manual mode
3. **Sensor average to E1**
4. **Sensor comparison to E1**
5. **Sensor difference to E1**
6. **Sensor for Setpoint**
7. **Measurement**
### 9.5 Volume control 5.01 and 5.02

#### 9.5.1 Basic setting 5.01 and 5.02

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>E1 Analog In</th>
<th>K Factor</th>
<th>E1 Offset</th>
<th>E2 Function (only for special applications)</th>
<th>Modes 5.02 with two sensors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base setup</td>
<td>Mode selection e.g. 5.01</td>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>K Factor</td>
<td>E1 Offset</td>
<td>E2 Function</td>
<td>Modes with two sensors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>In all group operating modes 5 (5.01 and 5.02) “E1 Analog In” factory setting “DSG200.”</td>
<td>Selection sensor measuring range: “DSG 50”, “DSG100”, “DSG200”, “DSG300”, “DSG500”, “DSG1000”, “DSG2000”, “DSG4000”, “DSG6000” (* no standard type). For sensors with 0 - 20 mA or 4 - 20 mA signal (∞ jumper for input signal), select measuring range “DSG50”...“DSG6000”.</td>
<td>Input of the “K factor” dependent on the fan (inlet duct). setting range: 0...7.000 Factory setting: 75</td>
<td>Sensor calibration with calibrated comparison device</td>
<td>External setpoint = Function 1E by external signal (0 - 10 V) instead of “Setpoint1”. 0 - 10 V = 0 - 100 % setting range</td>
<td>Modes with two sensors: The function is automatically jointly programmed in operating modes using 2 sensors. The second analog input is thus allocated and additional function allocations are not possible. For 5.02 E2 Function at 6E preprogrammed = sensor for setpoint lowering. Pre-programmed sensor type “TF”.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9.5.2 Setting for operation modes **5.01**, **5.02**

- **5.01** Volume control, Setpoint in m³/h
- **5.02** Volume control for ventilation systems setpoint depending on outdoor temperature.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>530 m³/h</th>
<th>Setpoint1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setpoint1</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Setting range: depending on measuring range of sensor and “K factor”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Factory setting: 530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>530 m³/h</th>
<th>Setpoint2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setpoint2</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Setting “Setpoint 2” e.g. reduced value for night operation. Switch over Setpoint 1/2 by external contact (as long as no allocation is carried out: Display:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IO Setup).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>530 m³/h</th>
<th>Pband</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pband</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>small control range = short control times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>big control range = longer control times and (higher controller stability)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Setting range: depending on measuring range of sensor and “K factor”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Factory setting: 530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Min. Speed</th>
<th>Max. Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Min. Speed</strong></td>
<td>Setting range: 0...100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Factory setting: 0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Max. Speed</th>
<th>Manual mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. Speed</strong></td>
<td>Setting range: 100 % “Min. Speed”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Factory setting: 100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Speed manual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Speed manual</strong></td>
<td>Manual speed setting without influence by the external signal. Activation by menu “Manual mode” or external contact at digital input (IO Setup). Setting range: 0...100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Factory setting: 100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For information about deactivated regulation the adjusted value for manual speed is indicated alternating with the actual value.
Additional menu item for mode 5.02 with outside-temperature dependent target-setpoint

Outside-temperature dependent target-setpoint

An outside temperature compensation can be activated (sensor connection “E2” to “Analog In 2”) when being operated as a air volume regulation device.

An optimal building climate, e.g., can be achieved through this. Through this function, the set and active Setpoint 1/2 is automatically changed proportional to the measured outside temperature (Info: “Setpoint control”).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>T-Band SA</th>
<th>Temperature range in which the setpoint change continuously with outside temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T-Start SA</td>
<td>Setpoint reducing will start below this outside temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-Min SA</td>
<td>Minimum pressure for very low outside temperature</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

S1 Setpoint1
S2 Setpoint2
P-Min SA Minimum air volume
T-min Minimum temperature
T-Start Setpoint reducing will start below this outside temperature
AT Outdoor temperature
### 9.5.3 Menu for air volume control 5.01 and 5.02

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Start</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB GB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>5.01 5.02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13 1.13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Info</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Actual</td>
<td>712 m³/h</td>
<td>712 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Actual</td>
<td>----- 21.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint control</td>
<td></td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation</td>
<td>0 % 0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Msco</td>
<td>OFF OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setting</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint2</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pband</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
<td>530 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>0 % 0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>100 % 100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual mode</td>
<td>OFF OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed man.</td>
<td>100 % 100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-Band SA</td>
<td>30.0 K</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-Start SA</td>
<td>15.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-Min SA</td>
<td>70.0 Pa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Events</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Base setup</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>5.01 5.02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>DSG200 DSG200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 K-Factor</td>
<td>75 75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Min.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Max.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Decimals</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Unit</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 Pa</td>
<td>0.0 Pa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>E2 Function</strong></td>
<td>6E</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Analog In</td>
<td>TF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Min.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Max.</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Decimals</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Unit</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 K</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further menus see chapters:**
- Controller Setup
- IO Setup
- Limits
- Motor Setup
- Diagnostic

---

**5.01** Air volume control

**5.02** Volume control with setpoint depending on outdoor temperature

- **E2 Function**
  - **1E** external Setpoint
  - **2E** external manual mode
  - **3E** Sensor average to E1
  - **4E** Sensor comparison to E1
  - **5E** Sensor difference to E1
  - **6E** Sensor for Setpoint
  - **7E** Measurement
9.6 Air velocity control 6.01

9.6.1 Base setup 6.01

**Base setup**

**Mode**  
Mode selection 6.01

**E1 Analog In**  
For mode "E1 Analog In" factory setting to "MAL1"  
Selection sensor measuring range: MAL1, MAL10  
Alternative selection signal: 0 - 10 V, 0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA (jumper for input signal).  
The sensor measurement range must be entered in order to display the actual value correctly. Example with a 0 - 10 V sensor and 0 - 5 m/s measurement range (proportional output signal).  
E1 Analog In = 0 - 10 V, E1 Min. = 0.0 m/s, E1 Max. = 5.0 m/s, E1 Decimals = 1, E1 Unit = m/s  
Sensor calibration with calibrated comparison device

**Function Analog Input 2**  
- External setpoint = Function 1E by external signal (0 - 10 V) instead of "Setpoint1". 0 - 10 V À 0 - 100 % setting range  
- External manual operation via external signal (0 - 10 V) = Function 2E Switch  
over between settings on the device and external manual operation via digital input (IO Setup).  
- Measurement value = function 7E e.g. for limit indication, display in Info menu "E2 Actual."

9.6.2 Settings for operation modes 6.01

**Setting**

**Setpoint1**  
Setting range: in measuring range of sensor  
Factory setting: 0.50 m/s

**Setpoint2**  
Setting "Setpoint 2" e.g. reduced value for night operation.  
Switch over Setpoint 1/2 by external contact (as long as no allocation is carried out: Display: [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] IO Setup).  

**Pband**  
small control range = short control times  
big control range = longer control times and (higher controller stability)  
Setting range: in measuring range of sensor  
Factory setting: 0.50 m/s

**Minimal Speed**  
Setting range: 0...100 %  
Factory setting: 0 %
### Maximal Speed

- Setting range: 100%... “Min. Speed”
- Factory setting: 100%

### Manual mode

- "OFF" = automatic control as function of the set parameters (Factory setting)
- "ON" = automatic control without function, speed setting in menu “Speed manual”

### Speed manual

- Manual speed setting without influence by the external signal.
- Activation by menu “Manual mode” or external contact at digital input (IO Setup).
- Setting range: 0...100%
- Factory setting: 100%
- For information about deactivated regulation the adjusted value for manual speed is indicated alternating with the actual value.

### 9.6.3 Menu for air velocity control 6.01

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Start</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIN input</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>GB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>6.01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ucontrol</td>
<td>1.13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Info</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Actual</td>
<td>0.45 m/s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Actual</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>0.50 m/s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Msco</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setting</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint1</td>
<td>0.50 m/s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pband</td>
<td>0.50 m/s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Speed</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Speed</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual mode</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed man.</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Events</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Base setup</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>6.01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Analog In</td>
<td>0-1 MAL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Min.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Max.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Decimals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Offset</td>
<td>0.0 m/s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Analog In</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### E2 Function

- **1E** external setpoint
- **2E** external manual mode

---

**Installation and Wiring Instructions – model series edvc 3/5, 3/10, 3/15**

**Programming**

L-BAL-E122-GB 1047 Index 001
Part.-No. 00153239-30
41/72
9.7 **Menu group Start**

### Start

**PIN input**
- The service menu for the installation can be protected against unintentional changes by a pin code. With further pin codes putting back to pre-setting is possible.

- **PIN 0010** Opening service menu, if PIN-protection activated
- **PIN 1234** Opening “setting”. If “set protection” = “ON” (Controller Setup)
- **PIN 9090** Restore user setting
- **PIN 9091** Save user setting (corresponds function “Save user setup” = “ON” Controller Setup)
- **PIN 9095** Restore factory setting = delivery status

**Language**
- Menu language by the factory set to English. In this menu different national languages can be selected (GB = English, D = German ...). Reset

- **Reset** Complete re-start of the device

**Mode**
- Query of the operating mode (e.g. 1.01 for speed controller)

**Device name**
- Display of device name and software version

**Individual unit number**
- (Menu dependent on device type available)
### 9.8 Menu group Info

**Menu group Info**

#### Info for mode speed controller 1.01

Device modulation.

In addition to the bar chart, the level of the output voltage with the connected load is indicated as a percentage.

#### Set external 1

Display of the currently active default signal.

The percentage corresponds to the internal actuation of the power component under consideration of the settings "Min. speed" and "Max. speed".

- 0 - 100 % △ 0 - 10 V, 10 - 0 V, 0 - 20 mA, 20 - 0 mA, 4 - 20 mA, 20 - 4 mA

**Display:**

- “Set external 1” Signal to “E1” / “GND”
- “Set external 2” Signal to “E2” / “GND”
- “Set Intern 1” Menu “Set Intern 1”
- “Set Intern 2” Menu “Set Intern 2”

#### Info for mode controller 2.01... 6.01

Current actual value measured on the sensor 1.

Depending sensor-type in: mbr, m³/s, m/s, Pa, %, bar, m³/h, °C, V, mA, etc.

**E1 Actual**

- For operation with two sensors display for “2 actual”.
- If function not active, display ------

**E2 Actual**

Display of the active target value at which the device operates.

- “Setpoint 1” Menu “Setting”
- “Setpoint 2” Menu “Setting”
- “Ext. Setpoint” = setting by external signal 0-10 V. With activated manual mode the display constantly changes between actual value and value for manual mode.

**Setpoint 1**

Device modulation.

In addition to the bar chart, the level of the output voltage with the connected load is indicated as a percentage.

**Modulation**

Momentarily status for minimum speed cut off

- “ON” = switch off, if Setpoint (+/- “Min. speed cut off”) is reached.
- “OFF” = no switch off that means operation with minimum rate of air.
9.9 **Controller Setup**

9.9.1 **Menu overview Controller Setup**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting Mode</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PIN Protection</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set protection</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save User Setup</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm sensors</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limit</td>
<td>- - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Msco.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 2 ON value</td>
<td>- - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nmin at Group 2</td>
<td>- - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Val &gt; Set=n+</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of control</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KP</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>50 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>50 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KD</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>50 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- - - - = display as long as no allocation has been carried out

0 = Function not available

---

**9.9.2 PIN protection activate, PIN 0010**

The adjustments for the installation in the service level can be protected against unintentional modifications. To do this, activate the "PIN protection" = "ON". In order to simplify the initial start-up operation, the service level in the factory setting is free = "OFF" i.e. accessible without PIN 0010.

**Information**

After installation of the device has been carried out, “PIN-Protection” should be activated = “ON”

---

**9.9.3 PIN protection activate, PIN 1234**

The "Settings" menu for the user’s basic settings (Setpoint, default value, min, max ..) are freely accessible when using the factory settings (i.e. without “PIN”). If necessary, these can also be protected against unauthorized modifications by using a “PIN 1234”. For this, the settings protection must be programmed to “ON”. The settings menu is then no longer visible without inputting a PIN!

Function only in combination with activated PIN-Protection!
9.9.4 Save user settings restore with PIN 9090

The individually made device configurations (User Settings) can be saved and, with the corresponding PIN input (9091), can be reestablished. By entering PIN 9090 the individually made device configurations can be reestablished (Start - PIN Input).

Information
By entering "PIN 9095" in the “PIN” menu in the “start” menu-group, the device is entirely reset to the pre-delivery condition. Any changes that have been made to the settings are thus lost!

9.9.5 Sensor Alarm ON / OFF

Function only in controller mode (2.01)

For “E1 Analog In” and if activated for sensor 2 “E2 Analog In”.

In case of an interruption or short-circuit in the sensor conductor, or in case of measured values that lie outside of the device’s measurement range, a time-delayed fault indication takes place.

With “Alarm Sensors” = “OFF” (factory setting). Indicated sensor disturbances are displayed as “Message” alternating to the actual value and stored in the menu of “Events”.

With “Alarm Sensors” = “ON” areindicated sensor disturbances as “Alarm” alternating to the actual value and stored in the menu of “Events”. Indication via relays is possible (IO Setup / function relay outputs).

9.9.6 Limit

After allocation of a digital input (IO Setup) an adjustable limitation of the modulation can be activated via a digital input (“D1”, “D2”, ..).

As long as no allocation has been carried out “IO Setup”. Display:

"Limit value" = max. possible modulation (e.g. speed reduction during night operation by time switch).

Setting range: “Limit” = “n-max” up to “n-min”.

Factory setting: 100 % max. modulation, i.e. no limit.

Setting depending on device type in: % or rpm.
### 9.9.7 Minimum speed cut off

**Msco = OFF** (factory setting)

If no “Min. speed” is adjusted, the fan stops with reaching the desired value.

If “Min. speed” is adjusted (e.g. 20%), then no disconnection of the fan takes place. I.e., always a minimum ventilation is ensured (fan does not go under setting “Min. speed”).

**Msco. e.g. -2.0 K**

It takes place a disconnection from setting “Min. speed”to “0”, if the given difference is reached related to the desired value.

At a plus value (+) before reaching the desired value
At a minus value (-) after falling below the desired value.

![Minimum speed cut off (idealized principle diagram)](image)

### 9.9.8 Second Group

#### Second group “indirectly controlled” (picture A)

Analog output “AnalogOut 1” in IO Setup function \( 5 \text{ A} \) = group control is programmed. This output is employed as the default signal for a speed controller. If the default signal or the regulation deviation exceeds the group 2 switch-on point, group 1 is reduced to “n-min group 2”. Starting here, both groups run parallel at maximum power.

#### Second group “100 % energized” (picture B)

Relay output (K1 or K2) in IO Setup function \( 8 \text{ K} \) = group control is programmed. A contactor is triggered via this relay contact, which directly switches the fans of the second group to mains voltage. If the default signal or the regulation deviation exceeds the “Group 2 ON value” switch-on point, the relay for the second group switches on and the speed of the first group is lowered to an adjustable minimum value. After that, the speed of the first group increases back up to maximum.

![Second Group diagram](image)
9.9.9 Reverse action of the control function

For the effect of the regulation there are two functions:
- ON for "Val > Set = n+ Δ" increasing Fanlevel for increasing actual value over Setpoint
- OFF for "Val > Set = n+ Δ" increasing Fanlevel for decreasing actual value below Setpoint.

For special applications an external switch over of the control function is possible (IO Setup).

Factory setting depending on selected mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Controller function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.01</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.01</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.01</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.01</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.01</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example for temperature control (Idealized principle diagram)

- nM: Motor speed
- R: Pband
- S: Setpoint
- i: Actual value
- OFF for Val > Set = n+ = heating function
- ON for Val > Set = n+ = cooling function

9.9.10 Controller configuration

The “controller configuration” is automatically carried out during selection of the application related mode of operation (Base setup). The factory presets in accordance with the mode of operation are based on many years of experience, which is suitable for many applications. Under special circumstances, these can be individually adapted (Menu group “setting”).

The type of control determines the method with which the controlled value behaves in case of a difference between the target and current values. For this, the control technology has standard algorithms, which consist of a combination of three methods:

Selection P, PID:
- P control (Proportional component, proportion of the absolute deviation)
- I control (Integral component, proportion of the sum of all deviations)
- D control (Differential component, proportion of the last difference)

With pure P controllers (controller type P), the following described settings do not have any function. If needed, the most suitable combination for the respective control system can be determined from these proportions.

P-component = reaction time
Setting range: 0 - 200 %
smaller = more slowly
bigger = faster

I-component = accuracy, correction time
Setting range: 0 - 200 %
bigger = faster
smaller = more slowly

D-component
More “D-component” causes more stability by a clean actual value signal with shorter correction times
By a actual value signal with a superposition should be done to attitude without “D-component” → 0 %
Setting range: 0 - 200 %
value smaller = less “D-component”
value higher = more “D-component”
9.9.11 Data on the total control deviation

The total control deviation is comprised of the sum of the control deviations for performance quantities and work quantities combined and refers to the specified areas.

In direct reference to the acquired input and controlled variables, the maximum deviation to the target value is \(<\pm 5\%\). By activating the menu-assisted adjustment, the total control deviation can be reduced to a value of \(<\pm 1\%\).

For indirect reference of the acquired input value to the controlled variable, i.e., two physical variables still need to be converted, the deviation can be reduced to \(<\pm 5\%\) through adjustment.

In the case of an internal default value through the integrated or external terminal, the control deviation remains at \(<\pm 0.5\%\).

9.10 IO Setup

9.10.1 Menu overview “IO Setup”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Function</td>
<td>1A (6A**)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A min.</td>
<td>0.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A max.</td>
<td>10.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2* Function</td>
<td>1A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2* min.</td>
<td>0.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2* max.</td>
<td>10.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1 Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1 Busmode</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2 Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2 Busmode</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3* Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3* Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D4* Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D4* Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D5* Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D5* Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3* Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3* Inverting</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K1 Function</td>
<td>1K (2K**)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K1 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K2 Function</td>
<td>2K (9K**)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K2 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K3* Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A / A2 Function
- Constant voltage +10 V
- proportional level control
- proportional input E1
- proportional input E2
- Group control
- only 2.03 Cooling function
- only 2.03 Heating function

D1...D5 function
- Enable ON / OFF
- External error
- Limit ON / OFF
- Switch over Signal E1/E2
- Setpoint1/2
- Switch over: Intern/Extern
- Control / manual Intern
- Switch over: actual Val > Set = n+ / n-
- Reset
- Setting Max. Speed ON / OFF
- Motorheating (not Acontrol)
- Change over Rolling direction (only Fcontrol, Icon- control)
- “Freeze” function modulation value

E3 Function
- 0 - 10 V external Setpoint
- External Manual mode
- Operating indication
- Fault indication
9.10.2 Analog-Output “A”

The analog outputs 0 - 10 V can be allocated with various functions.
Terminals “A” - “GND” = Analog Out (I<sub>max</sub> 10 mA)

With the attitudes “A min” and “A max” the characteristic of the output voltage can be adapted.
Factory setting: “A min.” = 0 V, “A max.” = 10 V

With the attitudes “A Inverting” the output voltage can inverted.
Factory setting: “A Inverting” = “OFF”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>without function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1A</td>
<td>Constant voltage +10 V (factory setting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2A</td>
<td>Proportional the internal control of modulation with consideration “Min. speed” and “Max. speed” setting. • for enable “OFF” it goes back to 0 V • for motor fault the output signal remains for a slave controller (“Master-Slave” combination).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3A</td>
<td>proportional input “E1”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4A</td>
<td>proportional input “E2”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5A</td>
<td>Group control (Controller Setup - second group)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6A</td>
<td>Control output 2 increasing modulation at actual value &gt; Set = cooling (only mode 2.03 temperature controller with additional functions).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7A</td>
<td>Control output 2 increasing modulation at actual value &lt; Set (Heating) only mode 2.03 temperature controller with additional functions).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A1 Function “A min.” and “A max.”

A max: 10 – 5V
A min: 0 – 5V

9.10.3 Digital inputs “D1” / “D2”

9.10.3.1 Menu overview

The digital inputs Digital In 1 (D1) and Digital In 2 (D2) can be allocated with various functions. Activation via floating contacts (a low voltage of approx. 24 V DC is connected).

Inverting “D1” and “D2” possible

With networking the digital inputs can be replaced by control over bus. With mode of operation 4.03 pre-setting of “D1” and “D2” is ON.

Attention!
Never apply line voltage to the digital input!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>No function (factory setting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1D</td>
<td>Enable (remote control) “ON” / “OFF”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2D</td>
<td>External error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D</td>
<td>“Limit” ON / OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4D</td>
<td>Switch over “E1” / “E2”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5D</td>
<td>Switch over “Setpoint Intern1” / “Setpoint Intern2”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6D</td>
<td>Switch over “Intern” / “Extern”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7D</td>
<td>Switch over “automatic control” / “Speed manual”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8D</td>
<td>Switch over control function (e.g. “heating” / “cooling”)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10D</td>
<td>“Reset”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For mode speed controller 1.01

For modes as controller higher 2.01
9.10.3.2 Enable ON/OFF function

Remote ON/OFF (electronic disconnection) and Reset after a motor malfunction via floating contact. The power section is electronically disconnected. Operation of the device is still possible after pressing the “ESC” hotkey combination in switched-off condition. Signal- in and outputs remain active.

- A programmed operating indicator relay (factory set “K1 function” = [1K]) reports the switch-off.
- A programmed alarm relay (factory set “K2 function” = [2K]) does not report the switch-off.

9.10.3.3 External fault Function

Connecting an external alarm indication (via floating contact). The device continues to work unchanged during an external indication to the digital input; the alarm symbol appears in the display. This indication can be issued via the relay contacts (K1, K2) (IO Setup function K1, K2).

Example for connecting an external alarm indication e.g. to digital input “Digital In 1”

- Indication during closed contact (factory setting): “D1 Inverting” = “OFF”
- Indication during opened contact: “D1 Inverting” = “ON”

Alarm symbol for indication “External fault”
9.10.3.4 Limit ON / OFF, Function [3D]
The value for "Limit" adjusted in the Controller Setup, is activated over a digital input.
Contact e.g. at digital input "Digital In 1" (depending on device type at terminals "D1" - "D1" or "D1" - "24 V")
For "D1" Inverting"OFF", limitation active at closed contact.

9.10.3.5 Switch over Input signal “E1” / “E2”, Function [4D]
Switch over between Input signal 1 (Analog In 1 terminal “E1”) and input signal 2 (Analog In 2 terminal “E2”).
Contact e.g. at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).

9.10.3.6 Set 1/2 or Setpoint 1/2, Function [5D]
Switch over between “Set Intern1” and “Set Intern2” (for speed controller 1.01)
Contact e.g. at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).
Operation with “Set Intern2” is signalized by the moon symbol for reduced operation. “Set extern1” under “settings” must be programmed to “OFF”.

Switch over between “Setpoint1” and “Setpoint2” (for modes as controller higher 2.01)
Contact e.g. at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).

- “D1 Inverting” = “OFF”: “Setpoint1” = 18 °C at opened contact / “Setpoint2” = 25 °C at closed contact.
- “D1 Inverting” = “ON”: “Setpoint1” = 18 °C at closed contact / “Setpoint2” = 25 °C at opened contact.

9.10.3.7 Intern / Extern Function 6D
Switch over between Set Intern and Set Extern (for mode speed controller 1.01). “Set extern1” under settings must be programmed to “OFF”.
Contact e.g. at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).

- “D1 Inverting” = “OFF”: “Set Intern1” at opened contact / “Setting Extern” at closed contact.
- “D1 Inverting” = “ON”: “Set Intern1” at closed contact / “Set Extern” at opened contact.

“Setpoint1” / “external Setpoint” (modes 2.01)
Under Base setup “E2 function” programmed to function 1E for “external setpoint”. Contact at digital input e.g. “Digital In 1” = “D1” - “D1”

- “D1 Inverting” = “ON”: Setting at the unit at opened contact / Signal Extern at closed contact.
- “D1 Inverting” = “OFF”: Setting at the unit at closed contact / Signal Extern at opened contact.
9.10.3.8 Automatic control / speed manual, Function 7D (mode 2.01)  
Switch over between automatic control to set target value (depending on the activation: “Setpoint1”, “Setpoint2”) and the default for “manual operation” set at the device.  
If for Analog In 2 “E2 function” is programmed to 2E switch over between “Setpoint1” or “Setpoint2” and external manual operation. With activated manual mode the display constantly changes between “actual value” and value for “manual mode”.  
Contact at digital input e.g. “Digital In 1”  

- “D1 Inverting” = “OFF” Automatic control at opened contact / manual operation at closed contact.  
- “D1 Inverting” = “ON”: Automatic control at closed contact / manual operation at opened contact.

9.10.3.9 Reverse action of control function (2.01), Function 8D  
Switch over between: Increasing modulation during increasing actual-value and increasing modulation during sinking actual-value.  
The factory presets for the “Control function” are dependent on the selected mode of operation (Controller Setup - reverse operation of the control function).  
When switching over via a digital input, the device works with the opposite function than the one set there.

9.10.3.10 Reset, Function 10D  
Reset after motor fault by using a non-locking reset key. The unit switches off when interruption between both “TB/TP” or “TK/PTC” terminals, the unit then remains switched off (“motor fault” see ”motor protection). Re-starting after the drive has cooled down (terminals “TB/TP”- or “TK/PTC” bridged) by non-locking reset key possible.

- For “D1 Inverting” = “OFF” both terminals “D1”- “D1” in normal operation interrupted. Reset after fault by short close. (For”Inverting” = “ON” reverse function).
9.10.3.11 Setting Max. Speed ON/OFF function

The value for “Max Speed” adjusted in menu “Settings”, is activated over a digital input. I.e. the unit works independently of the controller function firm with this value.

Contact e.g. at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).

- “D1 Inverting” = “OFF”: “Max. Speed” active at closed contact
- “D1 Inverting” = “ON”: “Max. Speed” active at opened contact

9.10.3.12 Motorheating ON/OFF, Function

The motor heating can be activated over a digital input.
E.g. over a freeze protection thermostats at digital input “Digital In 1” (depending on device type at terminals “D1” - “D1” or “D1” - “24 V”).

Motor heating automatically active at closed contact, if no modulation of the controller is present (for “D1” = Inverting “OFF”).
The height of the “heating voltage” is set in “Motor Setup”.
Setting range: 5...50 %
Factory setting: 5 %

The activated motor heating is indicated alternating with the actual value.
9.10.3.13 "Freeze function" = maintain momentary modulation value, Function 14D

The device continues to work so long independently of the controller function with the momentary value of the modulation and / or speed as activated over the digital input.

Message indicated alternating with the active value "Freeze Function"

Contact at digital input e.g. "Digital In 1"
“D1 Inverting” = “OFF”; “Freeze function” at closed contact activ
“D1 Inverting” = “ON”; “Freeze function” at opened contact activ

9.10.4 Inverting analog inputs “E1” / “E2”

After programming the signal or sensor type, an inversion of the inputs can be carried out.

Factory setting for Inverting inputs = “OFF” (if input activated) (signal: 0 - 10 V, 0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA).
For activation using inverted default signals or sensors with inverted output signals proportional to the measurement range, switch inverting to “ON” (Signal: 10 - 0 V, 20 - 0 mA, 4 - 20 mA).

Example: mode 1.01 speed controller, setting by external signal
### 9.10.5 Function and inverting for relay outputs “K1” and “K2”

Various functions can be allocated to the relay outputs “K1” and “K2”. In case of the same function allocation for “K1” and “K2”, these work parallel.

- The factory preset is the inversion of relay “K1” and “K2” to “OFF” (if a function has been programmed).
- Switch to “ON” for inversion (switch-time response depends on the allocated function).
- Fundamentally, the relays can only become operative if the electronic’s voltage supply is functioning. At least 2 current phases must be present!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| OFF      | No function
|          | Relays remain always de-energized |
| 1K       | Operating indication (factory setting for “K1”, non inverting).
|          | Operation without fault, reports enable “OFF” |
| 2K       | Fault indication (factory setting for “K2”, non inverting).
|          | Energized for operation without fault, for enable “OFF” not energized. De-energized at line, motor and controller fault, Sensor fault dependent on programming, external fault at digital input. |
| 3K       | External fault separate with message at digital input (factory setting if terminals bridged) |
| 4K       | Limit modulation
|          | Over or falling below limits for modulation |
| 5K       | Limit “E1”
|          | When over or falling below limits for input signal “E1” |
| 6K       | Limit “E2”
|          | When over or falling below limits for input signal “E2” |

**For modes as controller higher 2.01**

| 7K | Setpoint Offset |
|    | Deviation between actual value and setpoint to high |

| 8K | Group control |
|    | Switching on fans depending on modulation |

**For modes as temperature controller with additional functions 2.03**

| 9K | Heating function |
|    | Switch ON point: temperature = Setpoint +/- Offset |
|    | Switch OFF point: Temperature around hysteresis over switch ON point |

| 10K | Cooling function |
|     | Switch ON point: temperature = Setpoint +/- Offset |
|     | Switch OFF point: Temperature around hysteresis below switch ON point |

---

K1

1 = energized, terminals 11-14 bridged
0 = de-energized, terminals 11-12 bridged

K2

1 = energized, terminals 21-24 bridged
0 = de-energized, terminals 21-22 bridged
### Function Controller status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Controller status</th>
<th>K1/K2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1K</td>
<td>Operation without fault, line supply okay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2K</td>
<td>Fault with indication by relay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3K</td>
<td>Ext. Fault at digital input for external fault</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4K</td>
<td>Over or falling below limits for modulation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5K</td>
<td>over or falling below limits for input signal “E1”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6K</td>
<td>over or falling below limits for input signal “E2”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7K</td>
<td>setpoint deviation to high</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8K</td>
<td>Switching on second group</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.10.6 Programming Add-on module type Z-Modul-B

Program the additional inputs and outputs likewise in “IO Setup”. After connecting the module, the settings menus are automatically expanded to include the additional inputs and outputs.

- 1 x analog input 0 - 10 V. For mode 1.01 without function, starting from 2.01, function 1E or 2E possible.
  - Function 1E for external target value function.
  - Function 2E for external manual operation.
- 1 x output 0 - 10 V (A2 / GND), Function programmable, e.g., for: Fixed voltage, proportional level control, proportional input signal, group control, drive 2.
- 3x digital inputs (D3 / GND, D4 / GND, D5 / GND) function programmable, e.g.: Enable (ON / OFF), external malfunction, output limitation, input 1/2, target value 1/2, internal/external preset, controller / manual operation, control-function reversal (“heating” / “cooling”).
- 2 x relay outputs (“K3” and “K4”) Function programmable, e.g., for: Status signals, alarm indications, external malfunctions at the digital input, level-control threshold, input signal threshold, offset threshold (deviation between current and target value), group control.

#### Parameter Factory setting User Setting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A2 Function</td>
<td>1A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 min.</td>
<td>0.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 max.</td>
<td>10.0 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D4 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D4 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D5 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D5 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K3 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K3 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K4 Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K4 Inverting</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.10.7 **Network by MODBUS®**

It is possible to network several devices with each other. The device uses the MODBUS-RTU as the protocol for the RS-485 interface.

The device address (Device-ID) is factory set to the highest available MODBUS address: 247

This address is reserved for operation with an external terminal model AXG.. and should not be occupied with anything else.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bus Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The addresses of the individual units must be continuously numbered beginning with “1”. No address may be allocated twice. MODBUS address adjustable from 1-247. Address 247 = preprogrammed for an external terminal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Addressing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch addressing to “ON” before setting “address”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reading and writing parameters**

The device supports reading and writing processes for Modbus® Holding Registers (3). The start address is 1.; the number of registers depends on the device. If the allowable start address or number is exceeded, the device answers with an exception code. The description of the register is device dependent and can be requested from service for the device/version concerned.

9.11 **Limits**

9.11.1 **Menu overview “Limits”**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level. Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level min.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level max.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level Delay</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E1 Function</td>
<td>OFF (1L*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E1 min</td>
<td>---- (0.0 °C*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E1 max.</td>
<td>---- (40.0 °C*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E1 Hyst.</td>
<td>---- (1.0 K*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E1 Del.</td>
<td>---- (2 sec*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E2 Function</td>
<td>---- / OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E2 min.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E2 max.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E2 Hyst.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lmt E2 Del.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Function</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset 1</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset 2</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Hyst.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Del.</td>
<td>----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Deviating factory setting for mode 2.03

[----] = display as long as no allocation has been carried out
9.11.2 Limit indication depending on modulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>without function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1L</td>
<td>Indication with the centralized fault of a programmed relay (IO allocation Function 2K). Warning symbol in display, “AL” code in events memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2L</td>
<td>Is merely displayed in the events menu as message “msg”. In the IO setup, a separate relay can be allocated independent of these settings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the modulation exceeds the set “Level max.” value, this is reported until the set value “Level min.” has been undercut. The indication is delayed by the time set in “Display delay”.

Time delay exceeding “Level max.” up to indication by relay and alarm symbol. Setting range: 0 - 120 sec. Factory setting: 2 sec.

Example indication by relay “K1”:

**not inverted**

IO Setup: K1 Function = 4K
IO Setup: K1 Inverting = OFF

**Inverting**

IO Setup: K1 Function = 4K
IO Setup: K1 Inverting = OFF

If “Level min.” is higher than “Level max.”, the “Level max.” switching point is without hysteresis!
### 9.11.3 Limit indication depending on setting or sensor signal

Following functions can be allocated to the limit indication:

| OFF | without function |
| 1L | Indication with the centralized fault of a programmed relay (IO allocation Function [ZK]). Warning symbol in display, "AL" code in events memory. |
| 2L | Is merely displayed in the events menu as message "msg". |

In the IO setup, a separate relay can be allocated independent of these settings.

Both values for E1 ("E1 min" and "E1 max") can be set independent of each other and act on a relay together if correspondingly programmed. If a function is activated or if a relay is allocated, both settings ("min" and "max") are initially at "OFF". Work can be carried out with one as well as with both limit indicators.

The same setting applies to "E2 Min." and "E2 Max.", described below for "E1". Undercutting the signal ("E1 min").

If the signal undercut the set value "E1 min", this is reported until the set value (plus adjustable hysteresis) has been exceeded once again.

Exceeding the signal ("E1 max").

If the signal exceeds the set value "E1 max", this is reported until the set value (minus hysteresis) has been undercut once again.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1 Hysteresis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hysteresis adjustment in the unit of measure of the programmed input signal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1 Delay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time delay exceeding &quot;Level max.&quot; up to indication by relay and alarm symbol.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Setting range: 0 - 120 sec.
Factory setting: 2 sec.

---

**Information**

Always adjust the value for the maximum input signal higher than the value for the minimum input signal!

E1 Max. > E1 Min.

**Example for a limit indication of default signal or sensor signal to “Analog In 1”**

![Graph 1](v_grenzwert_signal_k1_1.vsd)

Settings:
- E1 Max.: 80%
- E1 Min.: OFF
- switching hysteresis 5% (from 100%)

![Graph 2](v_grenzwert_signal_k1_2.vsd)

Settings:
- E1 Min.: 20%
- E1 Max.: OFF
- switching hysteresis 5% (from 100%)

![Graph 3](v_grenzwert_signal_k1_3.vsd)

Settings:
- E1 Min.: 20%
- E1 Max.: 80%
- switching hysteresis 5% (from 100%)

Terminal “E1” and “GND” alarm via relay “K1” (non-inverted) IO Setup → K1 function: [5K] = limit indicators
9.11.4 Limit indication depending on (offset) to Setpoint

In operating modes as a controller (via 201), two limit indicators can be carried out based on the set target value (Setpoint) and measured actual value (on E1).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offset Function</th>
<th>Following functions can be allocated to the limit indication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>without function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1L</td>
<td>Indication with the centralized fault of a programmed relay (IO allocation function 2K) warning symbol in display, “AL” code in events memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2L</td>
<td>Is merely displayed in the events menu as message “msg”. In the IO setup, a separate relay can be allocated independent of these settings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Offset 1, Offset 2**

Both values for Offset 1 and Offset 2 can be set independent of each other and act on a relay together if correspondingly programmed. If a function is activated or if a relay is allocated both settings (Offset 1 and Offset 2) are initially at “OFF”.

Work can be carried out with one as well as with both limit indicators.

*Offset 1* for alarm in case of an exceeding of the max. deviation between actual and target.

Switch ON point: actual value = Setpoint +/- offset

Switch OFF point: Actual value by hysteresis under the switch-on point

*Offset 2* for alarm in case of an undercutting of the max. deviation between actual and target

Switch ON point: actual value = Setpoint +/- offset

Switch OFF point: Actual value by hysteresis over the switch-on point

**Offset Hysteresis**

Hysteresis switch-on point: In temperature regulation + / - 10 K, otherwise sensors 10 % of measurement range

**Offset Delay**

Time delay until indication through relay and alarm symbol.

Setting range: 0 - 120 sec.

Factory setting: 2 sec.

Example for temperature regulation; for other modes of operation settings in corresponding sensor unit.

**Offset 1 for alarm during exceeding**

\[ \text{ON} = 15 \text{°C} + 5 \text{ K} = 20 \text{ °C} \]

\[ \text{OFF} = 20 \text{°C} - 2 \text{ K} = 18 \text{ °C} \]

Example: Setpoint 15.0 °C, Offset +5.0 K, Hysteresis 2.0 K

**Offset 2 for alarm during undercutting**

\[ \text{OFF} = 15 \text{°C} + 2 \text{ K} = 17 \text{ °C} \]

\[ \text{ON} = 20 \text{°C} - 5 \text{ K} = 15 \text{ °C} \]

Example: Setpoint 15.0 °C, Offset -5.0 K, Hysteresis 2.0 K
9.12 Motor Setup

9.12.1 Menu “Motorsetup”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
<th>User Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CosPhi</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rampup time</td>
<td>20 sec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rampdown time</td>
<td>20 sec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression1</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range1 min.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range1 max.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression2</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range2 min.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range2 max.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range3 min.</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range3 max.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motorheating</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.12.2 Adjusting of CosPhi for motor

The control device is set to CosPhi = 0.80 at the factory. For optimal control response, the CosPhi of the installed motor must be entered (specification on the type identification tag of the motor).

CosPhi

The output voltage of the unit depends on the inductance of the motor (CosPhi).

If the CosPhi of the motor is smaller than the set value, the maximum output voltage is reached in speed controller mode below the maximum input signal (< 10 V / 20 mA). For mode as controller (P-controller) at a system control deviation which is too low. If the CosPhi of the motor is significantly greater than the set value, the maximum output voltage may not be reached under certain circumstances. If a noise filter is connected at the output of the control device, calibration takes place by means of the associated noise filter condensers (CosPhi almost “1”). Setting of CosPhi for operation with noise filter: recommendation 0.95

Setting range: 0.00...1.00
Factory setting: 0.80

9.12.3 Setting for Rampup time and Rampdown time

By separate menus for Rampup time and Rampdown time an adjustment is possible to individual system conditions.

This function is switched behind the actual controller function.

Rampup time

Time setting in which the automatic controller output from 0 % to 100 % rises.
Setting range: 2...250 sec.
Factory setting: 10 / 20 / 40 sec. (depending on device type)

Rampdown time

Time setting in which the automatic controller output from 100 % to 0 % reduces.
Setting range: 2...250 sec.
Factory setting: 10 / 20 / 40 sec. (depending on device type)
9.12.4 Suppression of speeds

Suppression of up to three speed ranges. Under certain circumstances, it is possible to prevent disturbing noises that can arise at certain speeds due to resonances.

Example for suppression of 2 ranges (Idealized principle diagram)
9.12.5 **Motor heating**

In order to avoid a sticking or a freezing of standing fans in cold environment, the “motor heating system” can be switched on.

Set the voltage in % that is applied to the 2 phases when the heating function is active.

- Setting range: 5...50 %
- Factory setting: 5 %

This impresses a current that cannot cause the fan to rotate. The required voltage to prevent freezing depends on the ambient conditions and the technical data of the connected motors. Test the settings you have made under realistic conditions. The higher the output voltage adjustment, the greater the arising heating output (power loss) in the motor. The „motor heating“ or „standstill motor heating“ can only be active if no modulation is present due to closed-loop control. The motor heating can also be activated through the enable function (function [1D] for a digital input) during shutdown. To exclude overheating, motor protection is required through the temperature monitor integrated in the motor (Motor protection). The heating function is shut down if the motor protection function in the controller is activated.

### 10 Diagnostics menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagnostic</th>
<th>The diagnostics menu supplies information about the momentary operating condition of the device.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O = Operation, T = Time, C = Controller</td>
<td>The time counting runs, as soon as mains voltage is connected (without fault). If events step on (Motor fault, External Error, etc.), the period of operation is stored at this time (Events).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O = Operation, T = Time, M = Motor</td>
<td>The time counting runs as soon as a modulation of the controller is present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display of the internal temperature of the power semiconductor. At a temperature of approx. 95 °C, the device switches off and switches back on after cooling off to approx. 65 °C.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal height at analog input E1 (Analog In 1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal height at analog input E2 (Analog In 2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Installation and Wiring Instructions

**– model series edvc 3/5, 3/10, 3/15 Diagnostics menu**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E3</td>
<td>Signal height at analog input E3 (Analog In 3*)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| D1    | Status digital input 1 (Digital In 1)  
OFF = terminals D1 - D1 bridged ↔ ON = terminals D1 - D1 not bridged |
| D2    | Status digital input 2 (Digital In 2)  
OFF = terminals D2 - D2 bridged ↔ ON = terminals D2 - D2 not bridged |
| D3    | Status digital input 3 (Digital In 3*)  
OFF = terminals D3 - GND bridged ↔ ON = terminals D3 - GND not bridged |
| D4    | Status digital input 4 (Digital In 4*)  
OFF = terminals D4 - GND bridged ↔ ON = terminals D4 - GND not bridged |
| D5    | Status digital input 5 (Digital In 5*)  
OFF = terminals D5 - GND bridged ↔ ON = terminals D5 - GND not bridged |
| K1    | OFF = relay K1 de-energized: terminals 11 - 12 bridged  
ON = relay K1 energized: terminals 11 - 14 bridged |
| K2    | OFF = relay K2 de-energized: terminals 21 - 22 bridged  
ON = relay K2 energized: terminals 21 - 24 bridged |
| K3    | OFF = relay K3* de-energized: terminals 31 - 32 bridged  
ON = relay K3* energized: terminals 31 - 34 bridged |
| K4    | OFF = relay K4* de-energized: terminals 41 - 42 bridged  
ON = relay K4* energized: terminals 41 - 44 bridged |
| T L1-L2 | Display of measured period length (supply frequency) between L1 - L2 |
| T L2-L3 | Display of measured period length (supply frequency) between L2 - L3 |
| T L3-L1 | Display of measured period length (supply frequency) between L3 - L1 |
| T L1   | Display of measured period length (supply frequency) |

* When operating together with the “Z-Modul-B” type expansion module, the diagnosis menu is automatically expanded to include the additional inputs and outputs.
11 Events / Fault signals

11.1 Display and query of events and malfunctions

Events during operation can lead to a malfunctioning of the device. The last 10 (0 - 9) events and malfunctions are stored in the “Events” menu group (position “0” = most recent event).

Example for possible events

The device differentiates between 3 types of events:


2. Alarms with code [AL] Events during which the device automatically restarts operation after the cause of the malfunction has been remedied (e.g. mains failure), or remains in operation (e.g. externally-trunked centralized fault).

3. Error with code [Err] Events that lead to a disconnection of the controlled output (e.g. excess motor temperature). Restarting is only possible after a reset (locked).

Controllers period of operation at time of message:
With the P key can be switched between description of the message and the Controllers period of operation at this time. E.G. on place 3 which is past message motor fault.

11.2 Messages and troubleshooting

A momentary pending alarm or error message is indicated by a blinking indicator and appears alternately with the standard display. Additionally a message is made by the internal LEDs. Depending on type 3 colored LEDs or an LED with flashing code are on the pcb.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Code*</th>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Relais switches</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Reaction of Controller</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>**</td>
<td>**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Display Code* LED Relais switches ** Cause Reaction of Controller

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Code*</th>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Relais switches **</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Reaction of Controller</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EEP Corruption</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>all flash</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>EEP data incorrectly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overload</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>all flash</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>power semiconductor too hot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External error</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>all flash</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>selecteble</td>
<td>Alarm from external contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lat E1 min</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>selectable</td>
<td>Limit indication minimum Actual value below setting “Alarm Minimum” (Input ‘E1’)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lat E1 max.</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>selectable</td>
<td>Limit indication maximum Actual value above setting “Alarm Maximum” (Input ‘E1’)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 1</td>
<td>Msg or AL*</td>
<td>yellow + green</td>
<td>selecteble</td>
<td></td>
<td>Interruption / short circuit in the sensor leads or sensor values measured are outside measuring range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor fault</td>
<td>Err</td>
<td>red</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>A connected thermostat or thermistor has tripped the circuit or interruption between both terminals “TB/TP” or “TK/PTC”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Code: Err = Error Al = Alarm Msg = Message  

** Relais switches dependent on programmed function.
12 Enclosure

12.1 Technical data

The information on the rating plate is valid for a maximum ambient temperature of 40 °C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Part.-No.</th>
<th>Rated current for 40 °C (1)</th>
<th>max. line fuse (2)</th>
<th>Integrated semiconductor fuse (3)</th>
<th>max. heat dissipation (1)</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/5</td>
<td>444166 (304564-30)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>FF20 A 6x32 mm</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/10</td>
<td>444167 (304565-30)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>FF20 A 6x32 mm</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/15</td>
<td>444168 (304566-30)</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>FF30 A 10x38 mm</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>4.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For mains voltage 400 V / 50 Hz. Values for different specifications on request.
(2) Max. supply side line fuse according to DIN EN 60204-1 classification VDE0113 chapter 1
(3) Integrated semiconductor fuse in device (no line safety switch)

Maximum cross section for line and motor connection 2.5 mm²

Stepless controlled output voltage approx. 20...100 % of connected line voltage

Min. motor current for edvc 3/5, 3/10: 0.2 A, for edvc 3/15: 0.5 A

Input resistance for sensor or signal set for the rotational speed for 0 - 10 V input: $R_i > 100 \, k\Omega$
for 4 - 20 mA input: $R_i = 100 \, \Omega$

Voltage supply e.g. for sensors $+24 \, V \pm 20 \%, I_{\text{max}} \, 120 \, mA$ (for connection to an external AXG terminal minus approx. 50 mA)

Output (0 - 10 V) $I_{\text{max}} \, 10 \, mA$ (short-circuit-proof)

Contact rating of the internal relay max. AC 250 V 5 A

Max. permissible ambient temperature depending on version 40 °C (up to 55 °C with derating)

Min. permissible ambient temperature 0 °C (if mains voltage is not switched off up to -20 °C)

Max. permissible installation height 0...4000 m amsl above 1000 m amsl the rated current is to be reduced by 5 % / 1000 m

Permissible rel. humidity 85 % no condensation

Electromagnetic compatibility for the standard voltage 230 / 400 V according to DIN IEC 60038

Interference emission EN 61000-6-3 (domestic household applications)
Interference immunity EN 61000-6-2 (industrial applications)

Harmonics current according EN 61000-3-2 for a “professional unit”. Please ask manufacturer for the individual harmonic oscillation levels of the current as a percentage of the fundamental oscillation of the rated current.

Up to a maximum current of 4 A, the limits are adhered to with no restrictions.

Housing protection IP54
12.1.1 Performance reduction during elevated ambient temperatures

The maximum permissible ambient temperature for the devices is 40 °C. Up to this temperature, loading (maximum continuous current) with the specified rated current is possible. The removal of heat in the unit due to power dissipation is dependent on the ambient temperature, so the maximum load has to be reduced if the ambient temperature is higher than 40 °C! For each degree higher the load has to be reduced approx. 2.2 %.

The average value measured during a 24 h period must be 5 K under the max. ambient temperature. For installation in a switch cabinet, the device’s dissipation and its possible affect on the ambient temperature must be taken into consideration (Technical data)!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Part.-No.</th>
<th>Rated current for 40 °C</th>
<th>max. current load for 45 °C</th>
<th>max. current load for 50 °C</th>
<th>max. current load for 55 °C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/5</td>
<td>444166 (304564-30)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/10</td>
<td>444167 (304565-30)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>6.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>edvc 3/15</td>
<td>444168 (304566-30)</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13.4</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>10.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12.2 Connection diagram

1 Line 3 = 208...415 V, 50/60 Hz
2 3-Motor with internal thermostats
3 Output 0...10 V (Imax = 10 mA)
4 Input 1: 0...10 V, 0...20 mA, 4...20 mA, TF...(KTY)
5 Eingang 2: 0...10 V, 0...20 mA, 4...20 mA, TF...(KTY)
6 Addressing, normal lock closed
7 Contact rating max. AC 250 V 5 A

12.3 Dimensions [mm]

edvc 3/5, 3/10 (edvc 3/15)
The Vent-Axia Guarantee

Applicable only to products installed and used in the United Kingdom. For details of guarantee outside the United Kingdom contact your local supplier.

Vent-Axia guarantees its products for two years from date of purchase against faulty material or workmanship. In the event of any part being found to be defective, the product will be repaired, or at the Company’s option replaced, without charge, provided that the product:-

- Has been installed and used in accordance with the instructions given with each unit.
- Has not been connected to an unsuitable electricity supply. (The correct electricity supply voltage is shown on the product rating label attached to the unit).
- Has not been subjected to misuse, neglect or damage.
- Has not been modified or repaired by any person not authorised by the company.

IF CLAIMING UNDER TERMS OF GUARANTEE

Please return the complete product, carriage paid to your original supplier or nearest Vent-Axia Centre, by post or personal visit. Please ensure that it is adequately packed and accompanied by a letter clearly marked “Guarantee Claim” stating the nature of the fault and providing evidence of date and source of purchase.

The guarantee is offered to you as an extra benefit, and does not effect your legal rights.

Vent-Axia

Head Office: Fleming Way, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 9YX. Tel: 01293 526062 Fax: 01293 551188

UK NATIONAL CALL CENTRE, Newton Road, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 9JA

SALES ENQUIRIES: Tel: 0844 8560590 Fax: 01293 565169
TECHNICAL SUPPORT: Tel: 0844 8560594 Fax: 01293 539209
Web:-www.vent-axia.com Email:- info@vent-axia.com

As part of the policy of continuous product improvement Vent-Axia reserves the right to alter specifications without notice.